

**PENERAPAN MODEL PEMBELAJARAN *AUDITORY INTELLECTUALLY
REPETITION (AIR)* UNTUK MENINGKATKAN MOTIVASI DAN HASIL
BELAJAR MATEMATIKA SISWA KELAS X IBB 1 SMAS
KARYA WISATA SINGARAJA**

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ABSTRAK

Motivasi dan hasil belajar yang rendah merupakan kendala yang sering dihadapi guru dalam melaksanakan proses pembelajaran. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk meningkatkan kualitas proses pembelajaran di kelas, khususnya meningkatkan motivasi dan hasil belajar matematika. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian tindakan kelas yang dilaksanakan dalam bentuk kolaborasi antara peneliti dengan guru bidang studi matematika kelas X SMAS Karya Wisata Singaraja. Subjek penelitian adalah siswa kelas X IBB 1 SMAS Karya Wisata Singaraja tahun ajaran 2021/2022 dengan jumlah 22 orang, sedangkan objek penelitiannya adalah motivasi dan hasil belajar. Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan tes, observasi, dan kuesioner. Data dianalisis secara kuantitatif. Data hasil belajar matematika siswa dinyatakan dengan rata-rata skor hasil belajar matematika yang selanjutnya dikualifikasikan berdasarkan Kriteria Ketuntasan Minimal (KKM). Sementara itu, data motivasi belajar matematika siswa dinyatakan dengan persentase motivasi belajar setiap siswa dan persentase motivasi siswa per kriteria. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan ada peningkatan hasil belajar dan motivasi belajar matematika siswa setelah penerapan model pembelajaran *Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR)*. Rata-rata hasil belajar matematika siswa sebelum tindakan yaitu 28,64, mengalami peningkatan pada siklus I menjadi rata-rata 69,27. Selanjutnya, pada siklus II rata-rata hasil belajar matematika siswa mengalami peningkatan kembali menjadi 76,73. Skor motivasi belajar matematika siswa sebelum tindakan berada pada kategori rendah dengan skor rata-rata 57,27 dan mengalami peningkatan pada akhir siklus II dimana skor motivasi belajar siswa berada pada kategori tinggi dengan skor rata-rata 76,53.

Kata kunci : model pembelajaran *auditory intellectually repetition*, peningkatan, motivasi belajar, hasil belajar matematika.

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ABSTRACT

Low motivation and learning outcomes are obstacles that are often faced by teachers in carrying out the learning process. This study aims to improve the quality of the learning process in the classroom, in particular to increase motivation and learning outcomes in mathematics. This research is a classroom action research that is carried out in the form of a collaboration between the researcher and the mathematics teacher for class X SMAS Karya Wisata Singaraja. The research subjects are students of class X IBB 1 SMA Karya Wisata Singaraja in the academic year 2021/2022 with a total of 22 people, while the object of research is motivation and learning outcomes. Data was collected by means of tests, observations, and questionnaires. Data were analyzed quantitatively. Data on students' mathematics learning outcomes is expressed by the average score of mathematics learning outcomes which are then qualified based on the Minimum Completeness Criteria (KKM). Meanwhile, data on students' motivation to learn mathematics is expressed by the percentage of each student's motivation to learn and the percentage of student motivation per criteria. The results showed that there was an increase in learning outcomes and students' motivation to learn mathematics after the implementation of the Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR) learning model. The average result of students' mathematics learning before the action was 28.64, increased in the first cycle to an average of 69.27. Furthermore, in the second cycle the average student's mathematics learning outcomes increased again to 76.73. The score of students' mathematics learning motivation before the action was in the low category with an average score of 57.27 and increased at the end of the second cycle where the student's learning motivation score was in the high category with an average score of 76.53.

Keywords : *auditory intellectually repetition learning model, enhancement, learning motivation, mathematics learning outcomes.*