

**ASUHAN KEBIDANAN KOMPREHENSIF PADA PEREMPUAN “YW”
DI PMB “DK” DI WILAYAH KERJA
PUSKESMAS BULELENG I TAHUN 2022**

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ABSTRAK

Tanda bahaya pada kehamilan adalah tanda/gejala yang menunjukkan ibu dan bayi yang dikandungnya dalam keadaan bahaya. Ibu hamil primigravida belum banyak memiliki pengalaman dalam kehamilan, termasuk untuk mengenali tanda bahaya kehamilan selama TM III. Apabila tanda bahaya tidak dapat dideteksi secara dini maka akan berpengaruh pada keterlambatan penanganan pada ibu dan janin. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk memberikan asuhan komprehensif pada ibu “YW” di PMB “DK” wilayah kerja Puskesmas Buleleng I. Jenis penelitian yang digunakan dengan metode deskriptif dengan pendekatan studi kasus. Dilaksanakan pada tanggal 20 Februari 2022 s.d 08 April 2022. penelitian asuhan kebidanan pada ibu hamil “YW” G1P0A0 UK 36 Minggu yang diasuh mulai dari kehamilan hingga nifas 15 hari. Asuhan pertama tanggal 20-02-2022 didapatkan ibu kurang mengetahui tanda bahaya kehamilan TM III sehingga ibu diberikan KIE mengenai tanda bahaya kehamilan TM III. Asuhan kedua tanggal 20-03-2022, ibu sudah mengetahui tanda bahaya kehamilan TM III dan mengeluh nyeri pinggang bawah sehingga ibu diberikan KIE cara mengatasi dengan memperhatikan posisi tidur dan kompres air hangat. Pada proses persalinan terjadi spontan belakang kepala dengan kala I berlangsung 6 jam, kala II berlangsung 22 menit, kala III berlangsung 7 menit dan kala IV dilakukan pemantauan pasca kelahiran placenta sampai 2 jam. Pada masa nifas dan bayi dalam keadaan fisiologis. By Pr “YW” jenis kelamin perempuan dengan vigerous baby. Dilakukan IMD selama \pm 10 menit dan terhenti saat kala III, dan dilanjutkan saat bayi berumur 1 jam. Dapat disimpulkan asuhan kebidanan pada ibu “YW” di PMB “DK” sesuai dengan kebutuhan ibu dan bayi.

Kata kunci : Tanda Bahaya, TM III, asuhan kebidanan komprehensif

**COMPREHENSIVE MIDWIFE CARE FOR “YW” WOMEN
IN PMB “DK” IN THE WORK AREA OF
PUSKESMAS BULELENG I IN 2022**

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ABSTRACT

Danger signs in pregnancy are signs/symptoms that indicate the mother and the baby she is carrying are in danger. Primigravida pregnant women do not have much experience in pregnancy, including recognizing the danger signs of pregnancy during TM III. If the danger signs cannot be detected early, it will affect the delay in handling the mother and fetus. This study aims to provide comprehensive care for "YW" mothers in PMB “DK” working area of the Buleleng I Health Center. The type of research used is descriptive method with a case study approach. Conducted on 20 February 2022 to 08 April 2022. Midwifery care research on pregnant Mrs "YW" G1P0A0 UK 36 weeks who were cared for from pregnancy to 15 days postpartum. The first care on 20-02-2022 found that the mother did not know the danger signs of TM III pregnancy so that the mother was given KIE regarding the danger signs of TM III pregnancy. The second care on 20-03-2022, the mother already knew the danger signs of TM III pregnancy and complained of lower back pain so that the mother was given KIE how to cope by paying attention to the sleeping position and warm water compresses. In the spontaneous labor process behind the head, the first stage lasted 6 hours, the second stage lasted 22 minutes, the third stage lasted 7 minutes and the fourth stage was monitored after the birth of the placenta for up to 2 hours. During the puerperium and the baby is in a physiological state. By Pr “YW” female gender with vigerous baby. IMD was performed for \pm 10 minutes and stopped at the third stage, and continued when the baby was 1 hour old. It can be concluded that midwifery care for "YW" mothers at PMB "DK" can be in accordance with the needs of mothers and babies.

Key words: Danger Sign, TM III, comprehensive midwife care