

**IMPLEMENTASI HAK PISTOLE TERHADAP NARAPIDANA
KURUNGAN DI LEMBAGA PEMASYARAKATAN KELAS II B
SINGARAJA**

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui dan menganalisa (1) penerapan hak pistole terhadap narapidana kurungan di Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas II B Singaraja, serta (2) hambatan dalam penerapan hak pistole tersebut di Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas II B Singaraja. Jenis penelitian yang digunakan adalah jenis penelitian hukum empiris, dengan sifat penelitian deskriptif. Adapun teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan adalah dengan cara studi dokumen, observasi dan wawancara. Teknik pengumpulan sampel yang digunakan adalah teknik *Non Probability Sampling* serta untuk penentuan subyek menggunakan teknik *Purposive Sampling*. Teknik pengolahan dan analisis data dilakukan secara kualitatif. Hasil dari penelitian ini menunjukan bahwa (1) implementasi hak pistole terhadap narapidana kurungan di Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas II B Singaraja belum berjalan secara efektif dikarenakan kurangnya fasilitas dan sarana prasarana penunjang terlaksananya hak tersebut, (2) hambatan dari penerapan hak pistole tersebut selain karena sarana prasarana, sumber daya manusia, juga dikarenakan belum ada prosedur pengajuan barang yang jelas dan tertulis, serta Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas II B Singaraja mengalami kelebihan kapasitas.

Kata Kunci : Hak Pistole, Narapidana Kurungan, Lembaga Pemasyarakatan.

**IMPLEMENTATION OF PISTOLE RIGHTS AGAINST PRISONERS OF
CONFINEMENT IN CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION CLASS II B
SINGARAJA**

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ABSTRACT

This research aims to know and analyse (1) the application of the rights of Pistole in the prison convicts class II B Singaraja, and (2) Obstacles in implementing the rights of the gun at the correctional Institution class II B Singaraja. The type of research used is a type of empirical legal research, with descriptive research. The data collection techniques used are by means of document studies, observations and interviews. The sample collection techniques used are Non Probability Sampling techniques as well as for subject determination using the Purposive Sampling technique. Processing techniques and data analysis are qualitative. The results of this study indicate that (1) The implementation of the rights of Pistole against confinement prisoners in the correctional Institution class II B Singaraja has not run effectively because of the lack of facilities and infrastructure supporting the implementation of these rights, (2) Barriers from the application of the rights of the Pistole in addition to infrastructure, human resources, also because there is no clear and written procedure of application, as well as the correctional Institution class II B Singaraja experienced excess capacity.

Keywords: *rights of pistole, prisoners of confinement, correctional instituti*