

**KEMAMPUAN MEMBACA NYARING TEKS BERITA SISWA KELAS  
VII F SMPN 1 SERIRIT TAHUN PELAJARAN 2022/2023**

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**ABSTRAK**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk: (1) menganalisis kemampuan membaca nyaring teks berita siswa kelas VII F di SMP Negeri 1 Seririt, (2) mengkaji pelaksanaan pembelajaran membaca nyaring teks berita kelas VII F di SMP Negeri 1 Seririt, dan (3) mengevaluasi kendala yang dihadapi siswa kelas VII F saat membaca nyaring teks berita di SMP Negeri 1 Seririt. Sumber data dalam penelitian ini, meliputi subjek dan objek penelitian. Subjek dalam penelitian ini adalah siswa kelas VII F di SMP Negeri 1 Seririt dan guru mata pelajaran bahasa Indonesia di kelas VII F, sedangkan objek penelitian ini adalah kemampuan membaca nyaring teks berita siswa. Dalam mengumpulkan data pada penelitian ini, jenis data yang akan dikumpulkan, yaitu data kualitatif. Metode pengumpulan datanya, yaitu dengan menggunakan metode observasi, metode wawancara, dan metode dokumentasi. Teknik analisis data yang digunakan yang digunakan, yaitu: (1) reduksi data, (2) penyajian data, dan (3) penarikan kesimpulan. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian mengenai keterampilan membaca nyaring teks berita siswa kelas 7F di SMP Negeri 1 Seririt, ditunjukkan bahwa (1) kemampuan anak dalam membaca nyaring di kelas 7F sangat bervariasi, (2) dari hasil penelitian terkait dengan aktivitas guru dan siswa, guru dan siswa kelas 7F melaksanakan kegiatan belajar pembelajaran dengan baik secara keseluruhan, serta (3) terkait hasil wawancara 38 siswa di kelas 7F ditemukan bahwa terdapat beberapa kendala, yaitu, kendala internal dan eksternal.

*Kata Kunci: Keterampilan membaca nyaring, teks berita.*

**ABILITY TO READ ALOUD NEWS TEXTS OF GRADE VII F SMPN 1  
SERIRIT STUDENTS FOR THE 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR**

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**ABSTRACT**

This study aims to: (1) analyze the ability to read aloud news texts of grade VII F students at SMP Negeri 1 Seririt, (2) examine the implementation of learning to read aloud news texts of grade VII F at SMP Negeri 1 Seririt, and (3) evaluate the obstacles faced by grade VII F students when reading aloud news texts at SMP Negeri 1 Seririt. Data sources in this study include the subject and object of research. The subjects in this study were grade VII F students at SMP Negeri 1 Seririt and Indonesian subject teachers in grade VII F, while the object of this study was the ability to read aloud student news texts. In collecting data in this study, the type of data to be collected, namely qualitative data. The data collection method is by using observation methods, interview methods, and documentation methods. The data analysis techniques used are used, namely: (1) data reduction, (2) data presentation, and (3) conclusions. Based on the results of research on the skills of reading aloud news texts of grade 7F students at SMP Negeri 1 Seririt, it was shown that (1) children's ability to read aloud in grade 7F varies greatly, (2) from the results of research related to teacher and student activities, teachers and students of grade 7F carry out learning activities well overall, and (3) related to the results of interviews of 38 students in class 7F it was found that there were several obstacles, that is, internal and external constraints.

**Keywords:** *Skills to read aloud, news texts.*