

TINJAUAN KRIMINOLOGI TERHADAP PELAKU TINDAK PIDANA PENGEROYOKAN DI KABUPATEN BULELENG

Oleh

Ketut Ayu Asiti Sari, NIM 2214101033

Program Studi Ilmu Hukum

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui dan menganalisis faktor-faktor yang menyebabkan pelaku melakukan tindak pidana pengeroyokan di Kabupaten Buleleng serta mengetahui dan menganalisis upaya yang dilakukan Kepolisian dalam menanggulangi tindak pidana pengeroyokan di Kabupaten Buleleng. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian hukum empiris yang bersifat deskriptif dengan pendekatan kualitatif. Data penelitian terdiri atas data primer dan data sekunder. Data primer diperoleh melalui wawancara dengan pihak Kepolisian Resor Buleleng, pelaku tindak pidana pengeroyokan, serta masyarakat di sekitar lingkungan tempat pelaku tinggal dan bersosialisasi, sedangkan data sekunder diperoleh dari peraturan perundang-undangan, literatur hukum, dan dokumen terkait. Teknik pengumpulan data dilakukan melalui wawancara dan studi dokumentasi, kemudian dianalisis secara deskriptif kualitatif. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa faktor-faktor penyebab terjadinya tindak pidana pengeroyokan di Kabupaten Buleleng meliputi faktor lingkungan pergaulan, emosi yang tidak terkontrol, solidaritas kelompok, pengaruh minuman keras, serta rendahnya kesadaran hukum masyarakat. Adapun upaya yang dilakukan Kepolisian Resor Buleleng dalam menanggulangi tindak pidana pengeroyokan meliputi upaya preventif, represif, dan restoratif, namun pelaksanaannya belum sepenuhnya optimal dalam menekan angka tindak pidana pengeroyokan.

Kata Kunci: Kriminologi, Tindak Pidana Pengeroyokan, Faktor Penyebab, Upaya Kepolisian

**TINJAUAN KRIMINOLOGI TERHADAP PELAKU TINDAK PIDANA
PENGEROYOKAN DI KABUPATEN BULELENG**

By

Ketut Ayu Asiti Sari, NIM 2214101033

Legal Studies Program

ABSTRACT

This study aims to identify and analyze the factors that cause perpetrators to commit group assault crimes in Buleleng Regency and to examine the efforts undertaken by the police in addressing group assault crimes in Buleleng Regency. This research is an empirical legal study with a descriptive qualitative approach. The research data consist of primary and secondary data. Primary data were obtained through interviews with the Buleleng Police Resort, perpetrators of group assault crimes, and members of the community in the environment where the perpetrators live and socialize, while secondary data were collected from laws and regulations, legal literature, and related documents. Data collection techniques included interviews and documentation studies, which were then analyzed descriptively using qualitative methods. The results indicate that the factors causing group assault crimes in Buleleng Regency include social environment factors, uncontrolled emotions, group solidarity, the influence of alcohol consumption, and low public legal awareness. The efforts carried out by the Buleleng Police Resort to address group assault crimes consist of preventive, repressive, and restorative measures; however, in practice, these efforts have not been fully effective in reducing the incidence of group assault crimes.

Keywords: *Criminology, Group Assault Crime, Causative Factors, Police Efforts*