

**PERAN LEMBAGA PEMASYARAKATAN KELAS IIB SINGARAJA
DALAM UPAYA PENANGGULANGAN RESIDIVISME TINDAK
PIDANA NARKOTIKA MELALUI PROGRAM PEMBINAAN
KEPRIBADIAN**

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini membahas mengenai Peran Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas IIB Singaraja dalam upaya penanggulangan residivisme tindak pidana narkoba melalui program pembinaan kepribadian. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk (1) menganalisis peran Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas IIB Singaraja dalam menanggulangi residivisme tindak pidana narkoba melalui program pembinaan kepribadian, dan (2) mengetahui sejauh mana pembinaan kepribadian dapat menekan angka pengulangan tindak pidana narkoba. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif dengan teknik pengumpulan data melalui observasi, wawancara, dan dokumentasi. Pendekatan ini dipilih untuk memberikan gambaran mendalam mengenai kondisi faktual di lapangan serta pemahaman komprehensif terhadap efektivitas pembinaan kepribadian bagi narapidana kasus narkoba. Adapun hasil penelitian yang diperoleh penulis yaitu (1) program pembinaan kepribadian di Lapas Kelas IIB Singaraja dilaksanakan melalui kegiatan keagamaan, konseling psikologis, pendidikan moral, serta aktivitas sosial yang telah berjalan secara terstruktur dan sesuai dengan konsep pemasyarakatan; (2) efektivitas program pembinaan masih rendah karena tingkat residivisme narkoba tetap tinggi. Hambatan utama yang dihadapi meliputi keterbatasan sumber daya manusia, fasilitas yang kurang memadai, pengaruh lingkungan sosial, serta stigma masyarakat terhadap mantan narapidana. Oleh karena itu, diperlukan penguatan program pembinaan berbasis kebutuhan narapidana serta dukungan masyarakat agar proses reintegrasi sosial dapat berjalan lebih efektif dan mampu menekan angka residivisme narkoba.

**Kata Kunci : Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas IIB Singaraja, Residivis
Narkoba, Pembinaan Kepribadian**

**THE ROLE OF SINGARAJA CLASS IIB CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
IN ADDRESSING NARCOTICS CRIME RECIDIVISM THROUGH
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS**

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ABSTRACT

This study discusses the role of the Class IIB Singaraja Correctional Institution in efforts to reduce recidivism in narcotics-related crimes through personality development programs. The objectives of this research are: (1) to analyze the role of the Class IIB Singaraja Correctional Institution in addressing recidivism of narcotics crimes through personality development programs, and (2) to examine the extent to which personality development can suppress the repetition of narcotics offenses. This study employs a qualitative approach with data collection techniques including observation, interviews, and documentation. This approach was chosen to provide an in-depth description of the factual conditions in the field and a comprehensive understanding of the effectiveness of personality development for narcotics inmates. The findings of the study reveal that: (1) personality development programs at the Class IIB Singaraja Correctional Institution are carried out through religious activities, psychological counseling, moral education, and social activities, all of which are implemented in a structured manner in accordance with the correctional concept; (2) the effectiveness of these programs remains low, as the rate of narcotics recidivism is still high. The main obstacles include limited human resources, inadequate facilities, social environmental influences, and societal stigma against former inmates. Therefore, it is necessary to strengthen personality development programs based on the needs of inmates and to foster community support so that the process of social reintegration can be more effective and capable of reducing narcotics recidivism rates.

**Keywords : Class IIB Singaraja Correctional Institution, Narcotics Recidivism,
Personality Development Program**