

EVALUASI PROGRAM *POINT OF SALE* (POS) SEBAGAI STRATEGI PENINGKATAN KESADARAN AKUNTABILITAS PAJAK PADA PELAKU USAHA DI PASAR BANYUASRI

Oleh
Made Devita Indra Kusuma, NIM 2117051046
Jurusan Akuntansi

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengevaluasi implementasi Program Point of Sale (POS) sebagai strategi peningkatan kesadaran akuntabilitas pajak pada pelaku usaha di Pasar Banyuasri dengan menggunakan model evaluasi CIPP (Context, Input, Process, Product). Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian evaluatif dengan pendekatan deskriptif kuantitatif. Data dikumpulkan melalui kuesioner dan wawancara pada pedagang di Pasar Banyuasri. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa: (1) Pada aspek konteks, program POS sesuai dengan kebutuhan pedagang untuk pencatatan transaksi namun masih menimbulkan resistensi terkait kewajiban pajak; (2) Pada aspek input, fasilitas dan pelatihan yang diberikan cukup baik, namun keterbatasan literasi digital pedagang menjadi kendala; (3) Pada aspek proses, implementasi POS belum sepenuhnya optimal karena sebagian pedagang enggan menggunakan aplikasi; (4) Pada aspek produk, POS mampu meningkatkan transparansi transaksi, tetapi peningkatan kesadaran akuntabilitas pajak masih rendah karena adanya kekhawatiran terhadap konsekuensi perpajakan. Dengan demikian, program POS di Pasar Banyuasri perlu ditingkatkan pada aspek pendampingan, sosialisasi pajak, serta pengembangan fitur keamanan untuk memperkuat kepercayaan pedagang dan membangun budaya akuntabilitas.

Kata Kunci : Evaluasi Program, Point of Sale (POS), Akuntabilitas Pajak, Kesadaran Pajak, Pelaku Usaha

**EVALUATION OF THE POINT OF SALE (POS) PROGRAM AS A
STRATEGY TO IMPROVE TAX ACCOUNTABILITY AWARENESS AMONG
BUSINESS ACTORS IN BANYUASRI MARKET**

By
Made Devita Indra Kusuma, NIM 2117051046
Accounting Department

ABSTRACT

This study aims to evaluate the implementation of the Point of Sale (POS) Program as a strategy to increase tax accountability awareness among business actors at Banyuasri Market using the CIPP evaluation model (Context, Input, Process, Product). This research is an evaluative study with a descriptive quantitative approach. Data were collected through questionnaires and interviews with traders at Banyuasri Market. The results show that: (1) In terms of context, the POS program matches the traders' needs for transaction recording but still raises resistance regarding tax obligations; (2) In terms of input, facilities and training provided are sufficient, yet limited digital literacy among traders remains a challenge; (3) In terms of process, the implementation of POS has not been fully optimized since some traders are reluctant to use the application; (4) In terms of product, POS improves transaction transparency, but the increase in tax accountability awareness is still low due to concerns over tax consequences. Therefore, the POS program in Banyuasri Market needs to be improved in terms of assistance, tax socialization, and security features to strengthen traders' trust and build an accountability culture.

Keywords : Program Evaluation, Point of Sale (POS), Tax Accountability, Tax Awareness, Business Actors