

# KESIAPSIAGAAN MASYARAKAT TERHADAP BENCANA BANJIR DI DESA PANCASARI KECAMATAN SUKASADA KABUPATEN BULELENG

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## ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini dilaksanakan di Desa Pancasari, Kecamatan Sukasada, Kabupaten Buleleng dengan tujuan: menganalisis pengetahuan masyarakat tentang bencana banjir, menganalisis kesiapsiagaan masyarakat terhadap bencana banjir di Desa Pancasari, dan menganalisis hubungan antara pengetahuan masyarakat tentang bencana banjir dengan kesiapsiagaan masyarakat terhadap bencana banjir di Desa Pancasari. Rancangan penelitian menggunakan rancangan deskriptif. Populasi dalam penelitian ini mencakup seluruh masyarakat yang berpotensi mengalami bencana banjir. Sampel dipilih dengan teknik *proporsional random sampling* sebanyak 70. Data dikumpulkan menggunakan metode pencatatan dokumen dilengkapi dengan metode wawancara dan dokumentasi yang selanjutnya dianalisis secara deskriptif kualitatif dan deskriptif kuantitatif menggunakan analisis *statistic product moment*. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa pengetahuan masyarakat tentang bencana banjir di Desa Pancasari terkategori sedang, dengan skor rata-rata sebanyak 77,14%. Kedua, kesiapsiagaan masyarakat terhadap bencana banjir di Desa Pancasari terkategori sedang, dengan skor rata-rata 92,86%. Uji statistik menunjukkan terdapat hubungan yang signifikan antara pengetahuan masyarakat tentang bencana banjir dengan kesiapsiagaan masyarakat terhadap bencana banjir di Desa Pancasari dengan nilai  $r_{xy} = 0,255$  pada taraf signifikansi 5%.

**Kata kunci : Pengetahuan, Kesiapsiagaan, Banjir**

**COMMUNITY PREPAREDNESS FOR FLOOD DISASTERS IN  
PANCASARI VILLAGE, SUKASADA SUB DISTRICT**

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**ABSTRACT**

*The research was conducted in Pancasari Village, Sukasada Sub District aims: to analyze the public's knowledge about the floods, to analyze community preparedness against floods in Pancasari Village, and to analyze the relationship between people's knowledge of the floods with community preparedness against Pancasari floods in the village. The study design using descriptive design. The population in this study is the entire communities which may experience flooding. The sample was selected by proportional random sampling technique with 70 people. The data were collected using the method of recording the documents furnished by interview and documentation to be further analyzed by descriptive qualitative and descriptive quantitative use statistical analysis of product moment. The results showed that the community's knowledge of flood disasters in Pancasari Village was categorized as average at 77.14%. Secondly, community preparedness for flood disasters in the medium category in Pancasari Village is 92.86%. Statistic test showed there was a significant relationship between knowledge community about floods with community preparedness for floods in Pancasari Village with a value of nilai  $r_{xy} = 0.255$  at a significance level of 5%.*

**Keywords: Knowledge, Preparedness, Flood**