# Appendix 1. Synopsis of The Boy in the Striped Pajamas (2006)

The novel begins with Bruno who just came from school got shocked to see Maria one of the maids in his house was packing his belongings into a large wooden crate. Bruno thought that he wassent away so he went to see his mother for her explanation. Therefore, Elsa explained that the family had to move from Berlin due to the Father's work as the new commandant of the Nazis' soldiers. Bruno got disappointed over his father decision because he did not want to leave Berlin and his best friends. However, because of how authoritative his parents were Bruno was not able to avoid the sudden move of his family and had to follow them instead.

After arriving in his new house in Auschwitz, Poland, Bruno got even more disappointed because of the conditions of his new house which was far from his expectation. The new house was described as the opposite of his old house in Berlin. The new house was located in a desolate place, and it did not have any neighbourhood. However, Bruno's house in Berlin was described as a luxurious one, it has five floors and located in the middle of the city. The disappointment that Bruno felt made him tried to persuade all the family members and even his maid, Maria, to go back to Berlin. But when Bruno talked to Elsa and Maria about his dislike towards the new house he got scolded by them instead.

Because he did not have anyone to talk to in his new house, one day Bruno decided to talk to his sister named Gretel. Gretel was characterized as three years older than Bruno, and Bruno mentioned that he was used to be scared of Gretel's friends back in Berlin because they liked to make fun of him. However, during the talk with Gretel, Bruno was suddenly mentioning about the people that he saw through his bedroom window. Gretel who was so curious about the people mentioned by Bruno decided to follow him to see those people by herself. The people that Bruno and Gretel saw were the prisoners of the Nazis who were arrested in one of the Nazis concentration

camps called Auschwitz. Bruno and Gretel had no idea about the people that they saw. They tried to guess who those people were but they did not get any right answers.

Next, the story continues with Bruno who decided to talk to his father in his office. Ralf was characterized as a serious person and Bruno tend to be scared of him. During the conversation, Bruno told Ralf about how disappointed he was about Ralf's decision to bring the family to Auschwitz. However, Ralf did not like to hear Bruno's complaints so he tried to force him to obey all of his decision and behave in a good manner as long as they were in Auschwitz. Bruno got even disappointed over Ralf and he almost cried when Ralf asked him to leave his office. Before leaving, Bruno decided to ask Ralf about the people that he saw through his bedroom window but Ralf did not answer his question clearly because he wanted to hide the truth about the concentration camp from his children.

Bruno did not have any friends in Auschwitz and it made him easily felt bored. Therefore, he always tried to talk to the adults around him. One day, he tried to talk to Maria and told her about how he against his father's job which made the family stuck in Auschwitz. Maria ended up told Bruno the story about the relation between her family and Bruno's family. At the end of their conversation, Maria warned Bruno not to cause any problems for the family and tried to accept the fact that the family had to live in Auschwitz for some moments.

On the other day, to deal with his boredom, Bruno decided to take a swing by himself. The swing he made caused an incident because Bruno fell hard from it while playing by himself. Therefore, Pavel one of the servants in Bruno house was the only adult who saw the accident so had to help Bruno to take care of his wounds. This accident made Bruno knew the truth that Pavel was supposed to be a doctor.

The next story is started with Bruno's flashback to the story of his life with his grandparents. From the flashback, it was reviled that his grandmother was the one

who introduces Bruno and Gretel to arts. It was also reviled that his grandmother was against Ralf's decision to take the responsibility as the new commandant of the Nazis' soldiers. This issue caused a big quarrel between the grandparents and Bruno's parents. At the end of this flashback, Bruno decided to write a letter to be sent to his grandparents to tell them about how he missed them from Auschwitz.

After that one afternoon, Bruno had to have a private lesson with Herr Liszt. After the class, Bruno suddenly remembered that he supposed to like to do exploration in his surroundings. Thus, Bruno prepared himself to do a secret exploration to the other side of the fence by himself. After arriving near the concentration camp, Bruno met a boy who wore strange striped pajamas sat crossed legged while facing the fence. The boy was Shmuel, a Jewish who came from Poland and had the same birthday as Bruno. Furthermore, Bruno decided to be friends with Shmuel because he felt the similarities between the two of them. Bruno thought that both of them had the same stories from how they were forced to leave their house and had to live in Auschwitz. However, when he had to go home Bruno realized that his family will forbid him to meet Shmuel again and that was why he decided to hide the truth about their friendship from his family.

One day when the family was busy preparing a celebration for Ralf birthday and Bruno met Shmuel in his house. At that moment Shmuel was assigned to wipe some glasses in Bruno's kitchen. However, Lieutenant Kotler suddenly came and interrupted their meeting. Kotler who got mad at Bruno and Shmuel made Bruno had to act and pretend that he never knew Shmuel before. Because of this accident, Shmuel was not appearing during their usual meeting with Bruno. But when Shmuel finally appeared after almost a week he got a lot of bruises on his face due to the punishment he got from Kotler.

After almost a year living in Auschwitz, Ralf decided to bring the family back to Berlin. One of the reasons behind his decision because he started to realize that

Auschwitz was not an appropriate place for children. Thus, knowing that the family had to leave Auschwitz Bruno went to told Shmuel about it. Based on this news, Bruno and Shmuel planed a final adventure that they will do inside the concentration camp. The final adventure was used to commemorate the last time they had of being with each other while also trying to find Shmuel's father who was missing.

On the day of their final adventure, Bruno was finally able to visit the concentration camp with the help of a pair of striped pajamas brought by Shmuel. However, Bruno felt puzzled to see the truth about the concentration camp. He got shocked to know that the conditions of the concentration camp were far from his imaginations. But because he promised to help Shmuel to find his father, Bruno decided to stay and strolling the concentration camp together with Shmuel.

After strolling the camp for almost one hour, Bruno decided to go back to his house. Suddenly a long march of prisoners came, it made Bruno and Shmuel trapped between them. The marches were chaos, it was filled with the soldiers who were screaming to the prisoners and if any of them tried to escape they will be shoot by the soldiers. Despite being trapped in these marches, Bruno and Shmuel were not able to sense any danger that waited in front of them.

The marches were lead into a big dark room by the soldiers. The room mentioned in this part was a gas chamber made by the Nazis to exterminate a lot of prisoners during the Holocaust. Bruno and Shmuel were part of the prisoners who had to be forced to stay inside the gas chamber. Inside the gas chamber, Bruno held Shmuel's hand. He told Shmuel that he was sorry because they could not found Shmuel's father. Besides, he also told Shmuel about how valuable their friendship was. Therefore, the story of Bruno and Shmuel was ended here with them being part of the victim of the extermination done by the Nazi.

Appendix 2. Sequence Segmentation of John Boyne's *The Boy in the Striped Pajamas* (2006)

No	Description
1.	Chapter One: Bruno Makes a Discovery.
	a. Bruno's dismay from seeing Maria packing his belongings into a large wooden crates.
	b. Bruno's polite manner in asking Maria to take her hand off his things.
	c. Descriptions of Bruno's mother as tall and red haired woman, named Elsa.
	d. Bruno's panic from assuming that he will be sent away.
	e. Bruno reminiscing his behavior for the past few days to see
	whether he caused any problems, from being naughty or used the word he wasn't allowed.
	f. Bruno's curiosity trait about his father's job.
	g. Bruno's childish trait in asking his mother who his father will choose between Gretel and him.
	h. Bruno's rejection towards the sudden move and leaving his best friends to Poland.
	i. Elsa's annoyance because of Bruno which kept whining and asking questions.
	j. Bruno's disappointment towards his father decision to bring his family out from the town.
	k. Descriptions of Bruno's luxurious house in Berlin as a big house with five floors and a has lot of rooms.
2.	Chapter Two: The New House
	a. Bruno's family arrival in the new house in Poland.
	b. Comparisons of the new house with the old one which has
	the opposite conditions of each other.
	c. Description of Bruno's new house in Poland which stood in an empty desolate place, without any neighborhood.
	d. Bruno's effort to convince his mother that they made a bad decision and the family should go back to Berlin.

- e. Elsa's action in making Bruno understand the situation of their family by telling him to make the best of a bad situation.
- f. Bruno's egoistic trait on forcing his mother to tell the father to move back to Berlin.
- g. Elsa's anger from hearing Bruno's rejections on accepting their situation.
- h. Bruno's disappointment for not being able to convince the family back to Berlin.
- i. Bruno and Maria's conversation about the new house and the Father's job.
- j. Bruno's annoyance of his father job which caused the family had to move to Poland.
- k. Bruno's dislike towards Lieutenant Kotler because of his serious look.
- 1. Description of Lieutenant Kotler as a blond hair man, and part of the Nazis soldier.
- m. Bruno and Maria's conversation about the seriousness of the father's job as a soldier.
- n. Bruno's sadness and his effort to hide his tears from Maria.
- o. Bruno's anxiety after finding something odd through his bedroom window.

# 3. Chapter Three: The Hopeless Case

- a. Bruno's thought about left Gretel behind in Berlin because how annoying she can be.
- b. Description of Gretel as an older sister of Bruno, has an annoying habits and likes to collect dolls in her room.
- c. Bruno's fear towards Gretel best friends' and their insult about how tiny Bruno is.
- d. Bruno and Gretel's innocence about the time they may back to Berlin.
- e. Bruno and Gretel's agreement on how terrible the new house looks like.
- f. Bruno's struggle in pronouncing Auschwitz and Gretel's explanation about Auschwitz.
- g. Bruno and Gretel's innocence and misunderstanding about Auschwitz.
- h. Gretel's curiosity trait about the children that Bruno saw through his bedroom window.

	i. Bruno's action in persuading Gretel to follow him to his room.
	j. Gretel's doubt in joining Bruno to see something outside the window.
	k. Gretel's shock feeling after seeing the children that Bruno talked about.
4.	Chapter Four: What They Saw Through the Window.
	a. Description of the people on the concentration camp which consist of small boys, big boys, fathers, and grandfathers, all
	of them does not seem to be relatives.  b. Gretel's curiosity trait towards the camp that she saw through Bruno's window.
	c. Gretel's unconsciousness on keep looking at the concentration camp.
	d. Descriptions of the concentration camp as a place that surrounded by fence, consist of square buildings with no greenery, and the ground was made from the grand like substance.
	e. Bruno's ignorance trait towards the people he saw in the concentration camp and focused on his competition over Gretel instead.
	f. Bruno and Gretel's ignorance trait on calling the concentration camp as a nasty place.
	g. Bruno and Gretel's innocence trait on guessing the concentration camp as a modern house, countryside, and a farm.
	h. Descriptions of the prisoners in Auschwitz, who came from varied age, some of them were on crutches, and some of them had bandages around their heads.
	<ul><li>i. Bruno and Gretel's worries about their new neighbourhood.</li><li>j. Gretel's ignorance trait towards the child prisoners.</li></ul>
	k. Bruno's curiosity trait towards the prisoners with the stripped pajamas.
5.	Chapter Five: Out of Bounds at All Times and No Exception.
	Bruno's memories about his mother sadness the day before his family moved to Auschwitz.
	b. Descriptions of Bruno's journey from Berlin to Auschwitz,

- where his family were able to sit in a very comfortable train separated from the other passengers.
- c. Bruno's realization that he had not saw his father since they arrived in Auschwitz.
- d. Descriptions of Bruno's father as a soldier named Ralf, wore a pressed uniform with thick dark hair.
- e. Ralf's conversations with the other soldiers as the new commandant.
- f. Bruno's braveness trait to come to his father's office and his honest thought about the new house to his father.
- g. Ralf's effort in convincing Bruno to accept his decision to move to Auschwitz.
- h. Bruno's anger because of his father words.
- i. Bruno's question about the people in the concentration camp and Ralf's attempt for not telling Bruno the real truth about the prisoners.
- j. Bruno's innocence trait in saying the Nazi's salutation 'Heil Hitler'

# Chapter Six: The Overpaid Maid

- a. Bruno's boredom being on his bedroom alone.
- b. Bruno's attempt to convince Maria to share her thought about the new house.
- c. Descriptions of Maria's job as the maid in Bruno's house who worked since Bruno was three.
- d. Bruno's innocence trait for counting Maria as part of the family rather as a maid.
- e. Maria's desire to tell Bruno the truth about what she was thinking towards moving to Auschwitz.
- f. Bruno's insult to his father because of his decision to bring the family to Auschwitz.
- g. Maria's effort to convince Bruno to understand his father's decision for bringing the Family to Auschwitz.
- h. Maria's story about how Ralf helped her family during their hard time.
- i. Bruno's realization about Maria as a person with her own life and history.
- j. Maria's story about the relation between Bruno's family and hers since Bruno's grandmother was still a singer.
- k. Bruno's realization about his father kindness.
- 1. Gretel's rude trait on asking Maria to run her a bath.

m. Bruno's brave trait to defend Maria from Gretel rude behaviour. n. Maria's firmness in making Bruno stop whining about going back to Berlin and causing any problems to the family. o. Bruno's sadness and disappointment from getting scolded by Maria. 7. Chapter Seven: How Mother Took Credit for Something That She Hadn't Done. a. Bruno's lonely feeling for not having any friends in Auschwitz and decision to make a swing by himself in the oak tree. b. Description of Lieutenant Kotler as a young, and smart soldier. c. Bruno's attempt to ask Lieutenant Kotler to help him to find a tyre for a swing. d. Gretel's and Kotler insults towards Bruno as a little child. e. Kotler's rude trait in asking Pavel to help Bruno to find a tyre and Bruno and Gretel's uneasiness towards the insult that Kotler gave to Pavel. f. Bruno's effort in making a swing by himself. g. Bruno's incidents in falling hard from the swing and Pavel's action in helping Bruno to take care of his wounds. h. Pavel's honest trait in telling the truth to Bruno about his old iob as a doctor. i. Bruno's shock feeling and distrust towards Pavel's confession that he used to be a doctor. j. Bruno's curiosity trait towards the truth about Pavel. k. Bruno's and Pavel conversation about exploration. 1. Elsa's order for Pavel to not tell anyone that he helped Bruno. m. Bruno's disappointment toward his mother action for taking credit over what Pavel did. 8. Chapter Eight: Why Grandmother Stormed Out. a. Description of Bruno's grandparent life as a couple who live in a small flat in Berlin. b. Description of Bruno's grandfather as a seventy-three years old man, and the owner of a restaurant in the centre of town

in Berlin.

- c. Description of Bruno grandmother as a sixty-two years old woman, and used to be a famous singer.
- d. Bruno's happy memory of the last Christmas that he spent with all of his family.
- e. Bruno's memory about how his grandmother introduced Gretel and him into arts.
- f. Bruno's memory about the quarrel in his family toward his father decision to be the commandant of the Nazis soldiers.
- g. The Grandmother's disapproval of Ralf's decision to be the commandant of the Nazis soldier.
- h. The Grandfather's effort to defend Ralf.
- i. The Grandparent's quarrel about Ralf decision to be part of the Nazis soldier.
- j. Elsa's effort to stop the quarrel between the Grandparents.
- k. Bruno's decision to write a letter to his grandparent and tell them about everything he saw in Auschwitz.

# 9. Chapter Nine: Bruno Remembers That He Used to Enjoy Exploration.

- a. Description of the daily life in Bruno house in Auschwitz, where the Nazis soldiers came every day, and the servants were also coming to wash, cook, and clean things.
- b. Father's decision to hire a private tutor named Herr Liszt to teach Bruno and Gretel about history and geography of Germany.
- c. Herr Liszt's intention to change Bruno's preference from reading and arts into history and geography.
- d. Herr Liszt's effort to share his doctrine about Nazis superiority to Bruno and Gretel.
- e. Bruno's realization about his hobby as an explorer.
- f. Bruno's action to prepare himself for a new exploration.
- g. Bruno's curiosity trait towards the differences between the people in the striped pajamas and the people in uniforms with the bright red-and-black armbands.
- h. Bruno's curiosity trait towards who decided the classification between the people in the striped pajamas and the people in the uniform with the bright red-and-black armbands.
- i. Bruno's explorations to the concentration camp.

Chapter Ten: The Dot That Became a Speck That Became a Blob That Became a Figure That Became a Boy.

- a. Bruno's explorations by walking along the fence alone for several miles.
- b. Bruno's discovery of a small dot in the distance during his exploration.
- c. Bruno's discovery of a boy from the other side of the fence.
- d. Description of the boy that Bruno saw, as a boy with a large caramel sweets eyes, has a sad expression and wear a dirty striped pajama.
- e. Bruno's sympathy feeling and decision to talk to the boy he just met.
- f. Bruno and the Boy's conversation about the exploration that Bruno did.
- g. The self-introductions between Bruno and Shmuel.
- h. Bruno and Shmuel's amazement to hear each other name for the first time.
- i. Bruno and Shmuel's amazement to know that they share the same birthday.
- j. Bruno's jealousy and naïve trait to think that Shmuel has more friends than on the other side of the fence.
- k. Shmuel's confession and Bruno's confusion about the fact that Shmuel is a Polish.
- l. Bruno's shock feeling to know that Shmuel can talk in both German and Polish.
- m. Shmuel's story about his mother which used to be a teacher, and able to talk in German, French, Italian, and English.
- n. Bruno's ignorance trait and insult about Poland as a lower country than Germany.
- o. Bruno's knowledge about German superiority.
- p. Shmuel's explanation and Bruno's sudden realization that he currently lives in Poland.
- q. Bruno's ignorance trait for keep talking and comparing his life and Shmuel's life.
- r. Bruno's questions to Shmuel about how many people live in the concentration camp and what did they do.

11. Chapter Eleven: The Fury Bruno's flashback to the moments before the Fuhrer come to his house. Ralf's excitement in informing his family that the Fuhrer will come to discuss something and have a dinner in their house. Elsa's panic feeling to prepare the dinner with the Fuhrer. Bruno's struggle to pronounce "the Fuhrer" and Ralf's effort to teach Bruno to pronounce "The Fuhrer" correctly. Bruno's nescience towards the Fuhrer as Adolf Hitler. e. f. Gretel's explanation about the Fuhrer as the one who runs the country. Ralf's ground rules for Bruno and Gretel to stand quietly g. and well behaved, during the dinner time with the Fuhrer. The Fuhrer's arrival in Bruno house in Berlin for a dinner. Description of the Fuhrer as a short, and dark haired man with a tiny moustache. Ralf's action to introduce Bruno and Gretel to the Fuhrer. j. Bruno's impression towards the Fuhrer as a rudest and horrible guest. 1. Elsa's disagreement towards the offer to move to Auschwitz. The parents' arguments towards the news that Ralf was chosen as the new commandant in Auschwitz. Ralf's final decision to take the offer and bring the family to n. Auschwitz. 12. Chapter Twelve: Shmuel Thinks of an Answer to Bruno's Question. Shmuel's story about his life before his family was forced to live in Auschwitz. Shmuel's family which consist of his mother, father, and a brother. Bruno's ignorance trait in interrupting Shmuel's story and compare it with his story instead. Shmuel's story about being prisoned by the Nazi's army and Bruno's skepticism trait to believe in Shmuel life story.

- e. Shmuel's story about how the prisoners were deported to Auschwitz by using a train for too many people and without any circulation.
- f. Shmuel's confession that his Mama has been taken away from him since he was arrived at Auschwitz.
- g. Shmuel's sadness and anxiety to retell the story of his arrival at Auschwitz to Bruno and Bruno's confusion towards Shmuel's sadness.
- h. Shmuel's confession that there were hundreds of other boys in the concentration camp.
- i. Bruno's misunderstanding and jealous trait to think that Shmuel has more friends than him.
- j. Shmuel's hunger and his attempt to ask Bruno for food.
- k. Bruno's intention to invite Shmuel to have dinner in his house and his effort to make Shmuel let him to come to his side.
- 1. Bruno's realization toward how skinny Shmuel is.
- m. Bruno's decision to not tell his family about his secret friend named Shmuel.

# Chapter Thirteen: The Bottle of Wine.

- a. Bruno's acceptance that the family will not going back to Berlin and Bruno's happiness to have Shmuel as someone he can talk to.
- b. Bruno's effort to spare some food for Shmuel.
- c. Bruno's curiosity trait toward Pavel and Maria's effort to secretly tell Bruno the truth of Pavel's life as the prisoner of Nazi.
- d. Bruno's attempt to know whether Shmuel and Pavel know each other.
- e. Shmuel's effort to tell Bruno about the amount of people in Auschwitz which mostly came from Poland.
- f. Bruno's statement about Pavel which used to be a doctor but not allowed to be one as he came to Auschwitz.
- g. Shmuel's hatred feeling of the Nazis soldiers.
- h. Bruno's naïve trait towards his father job as the commandant of the Nazis.
- i. Bruno's ignorance trait for not taking Shmuel story as a serious thing.
- j. Bruno's concerns about Shmuel which grown even more pale than usual.

- k. Bruno's family dinner with Lieutenant Kotler.
- 1. Bruno's sympathy over Pavel which became even smaller than before.
- m. Bruno and his father's arguments about Herr Liszt.
- n. Gretel and Bruno's insult toward each other.
- o. Kotler's story about his childhood, and his father as a professor of literature who decided to move to Switzerland in nineteen thirty-eight.
- p. Ralf's disappointment and assumptions towards Kotler's father as the anti-Nazi.
- q. Kotler's anger towards Pavel who accidentally spill some wine at him.
- b. Bruno's disappointment to see no one help Pavel to get rid of Kotler's anger.
- c. Bruno's worries feeling towards Pavel conditions after got beaten by Kotler.

## Chapter Fourteen: Bruno Tells a Perfectly Reasonable Lie.

- a. Bruno's routine to secretly meet Shmuel after his afternoon class with Herr Liszt.
- b. Shmuel's bruised on his eye and Bruno's sympathy to see the conditions of Shmuel.
- c. Bruno's ignorance for forgetting Shmuel's stories about his life in the concentration camp.
- d. Bruno's ignorance trait for telling Shmuel to change his stripped pajama.
- e. Bruno's boredom because of the rain and cannot meet Shmuel.
- f. Gretel's disturbance in Bruno's reading activity.
- g. Bruno's accident in almost telling Gretel about Shmuel.
- h. Gretel's curiosity trait about Bruno's new friend.
- i. Bruno's dilemma for telling Gretel the truth about Shmuel or not.
- j. Bruno's lie about having imagery friend and his action to make Gretel believe in his lie.
- k. Gretel's insult towards Bruno about his imagery friend.
- 1. Bruno's story about his imagery friend which actually the real story about his friendship with Shmuel.
- m. Gretel's advice to Bruno to stop playing with his imagery friend.

	n. Bruno's realization that he missed his friend Shmuel.
15.	Chapter Fifteen: Something He Shouldn't Have Done.
	a. Bruno's kind habit to bring some food for Shmuel during their meeting.
	<ul><li>b. Bruno's family bustle in preparing for the Ralf's birthday.</li><li>c. Bruno's decision to write the list of reasons why he didn't like Lieutenant Kotler.</li></ul>
	d. Bruno's accident in meeting Kotler in his house and Kotler's insult towards Bruno as a "little man".
	<ul><li>e. Elsa and Kotler's private conversation.</li><li>f. Bruno and Shmuel's excitement to meet each other in Bruno's kitchen.</li></ul>
	g. Bruno's realization of the differences between Shmuel's fingers and his.
	h. Bruno's concerns about what makes the people from the other side of the fence looks so unhealthy and skinny.
	i. Bruno's effort to make Shmuel eat the piece of chicken that he got from his refrigerator.
	j. Shmuel's anxiety for being caught by Lieutenant Kotler eating the piece of chicken.
	k. Kotler's anger to see Shmuel and Bruno sharing a piece of chicken.
	<ol> <li>Bruno's lie about his friendship with Shmuel.</li> <li>m. Bruno's guilt feeling because of lying and making Shmuel got into trouble.</li> </ol>
	n. Bruno's apologize to Shmuel because lying and did not admit Shmuel as his friends.
	o. Shmuel's bruised and sadness after got punished by Lieutenant Kotler.
	p. Bruno's sincere apologize to Shmuel and Shmuel's forgiveness while shaking Bruno's hand.
16.	Chapter Sixteen: The Haircut.
	<ul> <li>a. Bruno's family return to Berlin because of the death of the Grandmother.</li> </ul>
	b. Bruno's realization toward how things changed and his memories about the grandmother.

- c. Bruno's sadness and story about the grandmother's funeral.
- d. Bruno's relief about being back to Auschwitz.
- e. Bruno's gratefulness about having Shmuel as his friend.
- f. Bruno's memory about his confession to Shmuel that they have the strangest friendship.
- g. The growth of Bruno's curiosity towards the two different sides of the fence.
- h. Bruno's confusion and his decision to ask Gretel about the other side of the fence. (ambivalence)
- i. Gretel's alteration and her new interest to the history of German.
- j. Bruno's attempt to pronounce Auschwitz and Gretel's effort to help Bruno to pronounce Auschwitz correctly. (hybridity)
- k. Bruno's questions about the other side of the fence, why is it there, and why he wasn't allowed to go there.
- l. Gretel's explanations about the relation between the Jews and the Nazis as the "Opposite".
- m. Gretel's frightened feeling to find the egg of lice on his hair and Elsa's anger towards the incidents that happened to her children.
- n. Ralf's decision to shave all of Bruno's hair.
- o. Bruno's realization that he became more look like Shmuel with his saved hair. (hybridity)

### Chapter Seventeen: Mother Gets Her Own Way.

- a. Elsa's depression about being in Auschwitz.
- b. Bruno's parents' arguments about returning back to Berlin.
- c. Bruno's uneasiness about the thought of returning back to Berlin and had to leave Shmuel.
- d. Bruno and Gretel's conversations with their father about going back to their old house in Berlin.
- e. Bruno's inadvertence in telling his father about the children on the other side of the fence, and his lie about never being close to any of them.
- f. Ralf's effort for not telling the truth about the concentration camp to his children, and his final decision to send his family back to Berlin.
- g. Bruno's sadness about returning back to Berlin.

18. Chapter Eighteen: Thinking Up the Final Adventure. a. Bruno's worry feeling for not being able to meet Shmuel before he returns back to Berlin. b. Bruno's happiness to finally met Shmuel and his concerns about Shmuel condition which look even more unhappy than usual. c. Shmuel's discomfiture because he can find his Papa. d. Shmuel's urge to cry and Bruno's effort to comfort him. e. Shmuel and Bruno's effort to guess about why Shmuel's papa was gone. f. Shmuel's hatred feeling toward the Nazis soldiers. g. Shmuel's thought about Ralf and his confusion toward how kind and friendly Bruno is. h. Bruno's confession that he will be returning back to Berlin. i. Shmuel's sadness because the thought of not having someone to talk to anymore. j. Bruno's effort to persuade Shmuel to let him play on the other side of the fence for the last time. k. Shmuel's decision to let Bruno come to his side. Bruno's doubt about going to the other side of the fence, and his decision on agreeing with Shmuel invitation. m. Bruno and Shmuel's plan for their final adventure, and the mission to find Shmuel's Papa. n. Bruno's and Shmuel excitement toward the plan of their final adventure. 19. Chapter Nineteen: What Happened the Next Day. a. Bruno's disappointment to see the rain was pouring down. b. Bruno's excitement towards the adventure that he will do with Shmuel later. c. Bruno's action to secretly go to the fence after the heavy rain was pouring. d. Shmuel's effort to secretly bring an extra pair of stripped pajama for Bruno. (mimicry) e. Bruno's ignorance for secretly interested more to the exploration rather than helping Shmuel to find his Papa.

- f. Bruno's action to disguise himself into the people from the other side of the fence by using a pair of stripped pajama. (mimicry)
- g. Bruno's thought about their exploration as the same as the plays he did whit his grandmother.
- h. Bruno's action to reach the other side of the fence by lifting the base of it and rolling under it.
- i. Bruno and Shmuel's emotional feeling because they finally able to stand on the same side of the fence.
- j. Bruno's realization towards the real truth about the concertation camp.
- Descriptions of the conditions on the concentration camp as a place that full of the prisoners, the Nazi's armies, and violence.
- 1. Bruno's dread feeling over everything that he saw on the concentration camp.
- m. Shmuel's disappointment towards Bruno who wanted to go back, and Bruno's decision to stay for a while to find Shmuel's Papa.
- n. Bruno's and Shmuel's effort to find Shmuel's Papa by strolling around the concentration camp.
- o. Bruno's decision to go back to the fence.
- p. Bruno's and Shmuel accident on being trapped in the long marches of prisoners.
- q. Bruno's concerns about the people on the marches who got pushed by the soldiers.
- r. Bruno's innocence trait about being forced to go inside to the gas chamber.
- s. Bruno's apology to Shmuel for not being able to find his Papa.
- t. Bruno's confession about how much he loves to have Shmuel as his best friends while holding Shmuel's hand inside the gas chamber.

# Chapter Twenty: The Last Chapter.

- a. The soldiers' effort to find Bruno who was missing.
- b. Elsa's depression over the sudden news about Bruno.
- c. Gretel's sadness to lose his one and only brother.
- d. Ralf's condition after Bruno was missing.

- e. Ralf's effort to do an exploration to find any evidence about Bruno.
- f. Ralf's realization and depression towards the truth about the accidents that happened to Bruno.
- g. The soldiers' action to bring Ralf out from Auschwitz.



Appendix 3. Data Tabulation of Oppressions Experienced by Bruno in John Boyne's *The Boy in the Striped Pajamas* (2006)

No.	Oppressions	The Form of Oppression	Sequence	Frequency
1.	Prejudice	į.	9d, 10n, 16n, 17f, 18i	5
2.	Discrimination	Racial	4d, 4j, 7k, 7o, 10c, 11l, 12d, 12e, 12g, 12j, 12l, 13f, 15i, 15j	14
5		Age	1d, 1k, 1g, 2h, 2o, 5g, 5i, 6o, 6p, 9d, 9j, 11h, 11p	13
3.	Human	Slavery	4h, 7f, 7n, 9a, 13l, 13r, 18c	7
J.	Exploitations	Child labour	12h, 12l, 13j, 14b, 15h, 15q	6
4.	Genocides		4a, 7j, 7k, 12f, 13c, 13e, 13f, 18c, 18e, 19s, 19u, 20f	12
5.	Violence	Verbal abuse	5i, 7e, 7f, 9c, 15d, 15m, 14k, 19l, 19m, 19q	10
		Physical assault	4h, 12e, 13r, 14b, 15l, 15q, 19l, 19m, 19q	9
6.	Segregation	-	2c, 3h, 4d, 4i, 7b, 8n, 10i, 12i, 12k, 16m, 16n, 19j	12

Appendix 4. Data Tabulation of Resistance Strategies Represented in Bruno's Experience in John Boyne's *The Boy in the Striped Pajamas* (2006)

No.	Resistance Strategies	Sequence	Frequency
1.	Mimicry	5j, 12m, 14j, 14l, 15n, 16q, 18n, 17e, 19d, 19f, 19g	11
2.	Hybridity	13a, 14a, 15a, 16d, 16e, 16i, 16q, 17e, 19b	9
3.	Ambivalence	16d, 16h, 16j, 16m, 16q, 17c, 19k, 19m	8



Appendix 5. Data Classification of the Oppressions Experienced by Bruno in John Boyne's *The Boy in the Striped Pajamas* (2006)

No.	Oppression	Classificatio		Sequences	Descriptions
		n	A		
1.	Prejudice		9d	Herr Liszt's effort	As a son of a
		-	*****	to share his	Nazi, Bruno
	/			doctrine about	was
	1	981	D	Nazis superiority	unconsciously
	1	10.		to Bruno and	taught about
				Gretel.	the German and
1		1		Garage Control	Nazis
M	3	A D		(Con)	superiority.
	Sec.		10n	Bruno's insult	The doctrine
		10 (M)	115	about Poland as a	about German
M				lower country	superiority that
1	<b>N</b>			than Germany and	he learnt from
		NAME OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWN	174	his knowledge	his surrounding
		Property I		about German	made Bruno
				Superiority.	became
		UND		480	ignorant.
	N Part	The state of	16n	Gretel's	The prejudice
	No.		1	explanations	towards the
				about the relation	Jews had been
				between the Jews	taught since the

			and the Nazis as	early age to the
			the "Opposite".	Nazis.
		17f	Ralf's effort to	The prejudice
			hide the truth	towards the
		1	about the	Jews as a bad
			concentration	influence made
			camp from his	the Nazis
	100	: B :	children, and his	dissociate them
	" 8 L DI	12	final decision to	from their
// 8		۵	send his family	children.
	4	1411	back to Berlin.	
	C.	18i	Bruno's	The main dies
		161	confession about	The prejudice about Jews as a
			his Mother's hates	Grand III
	W (1)	77	towards	negative influence made
N. Control			Auschwitz as a	Bruno heard a
1				7.1
7/4		171	place which was	negative
	Prof. i.	3//	not appropriate for	assumptions
1/1	-		children.	towards a
	7.5	1		certain category
1/2	3.17	1 147	8 1	of people.
Discriminatio	Racial	4d	Descriptions of	The Jews were
n			the concentration	forced to leave
			camp as a place	their house and
			that surrounded by	had to live in a
			a high fence,	concentration

2.	Carlo	TAS PE	4j   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	consist of square buildings with no greenery, and the ground was made from the grand like substance.  Gretel's ignorance trait towards the child prisoners.	camp which did not have proper social facilities.  Gretel called the children that she saw in the concentration camp by using nasty words.  Because of the
	1	L COLUMN		child prisoners.	that she saw in
	25	S. 200	â	and Co	the
1		-4			camp by using
M		A I		/ ea	nasty words.
	3		B		
		M D	7k	Bruno's shock and	Because of the
		2011/10/15			
			// 4	distrust towards	prejudice that
V				Pavel's confession	Bruno learnt
V	, (			T4-13-3-3-1	
1	7 (			Pavel's confession	Bruno learnt
\				Pavel's confession about how he used	Bruno learnt from his
				Pavel's confession about how he used	Bruno learnt from his surroundings he
				Pavel's confession about how he used	Bruno learnt from his surroundings he did not able to
			i k	Pavel's confession about how he used	Bruno learnt from his surroundings he did not able to believe in Pavel
				Pavel's confession about how he used	Bruno learnt from his surroundings he did not able to believe in Pavel when he told
			K	Pavel's confession about how he used to be a doctor.	Bruno learnt from his surroundings he did not able to believe in Pavel when he told him about his life story.
			70	Pavel's confession about how he used to be a doctor.  Bruno's	Bruno learnt from his surroundings he did not able to believe in Pavel when he told him about his life story.  Bruno felt
			70	Pavel's confession about how he used to be a doctor.	Bruno learnt from his surroundings he did not able to believe in Pavel when he told him about his life story.

		nation for taleing	mother was
		action for taking	
		credit over what	hiding the truth
		Pavel did.	that Pavel was
			the one who
	A.		helped him,
	1		only because
	4000		Pavel was a
			Jews servant.
- 0.0	nai	Dr.	
182	10c	Description of the	Shmuel as part
	1	boy that Bruno	of the Jewish
		saw, as a boy with	did not got a
		a large caramel	proper
		sweets eyes, has a	treatment by
	ALC:	sad expression,	the Nazis after
W/12	172	wear a dirty	being forced to
		striped pajama,	live in
		and armband with	Auschwitz.
77	1	Jewish logo on it.	2.4
1 ( 1 ) ( 1 ) ( 1 ) ( 1 ) ( 1 ) ( 1 ) ( 1 )	<u> </u>		
	111	The Fuhrer's rude	The children of
	V	trait after hearing	the Nazis were
( ) ( ) ( ) ( )		Gretel's	not allowed to
		confession that	learn the major
		she can speak	that they like,
		French too.	in this sequence
			Gretel was not
			allowed to
			learn the

			1
			languages of
			the other
			country.
	12d	Shmuel's story	Shmuel and the
		about being	other prisoners
	600	prisoned by the	of the Nazis
		Nazi's army and	were treated
	n	Bruno's	inhumanely by
1810		skepticism trait to	the Nazis.
		believe in Shmuel	
A	AN	life story.	
A S A C	12e	Shmuel's story	Shmuel and the
	1	about how the	other prisoners
N/ and		prisoners were	of the Nazis
		deported to	were treated
	200	Auschwitz by	inhumanely by
		using a train for	the Nazis.
420000		too many people	10.1
	377	and without any	3//
		circulation.	11
10	12g	Shmuel's sadness	Shmuel and the
	PR	and anxiety to	other prisoners
		retell the story of	of the Nazis
		his arrival at	were treated
		Auschwitz to	inhumanely by
		Bruno and	the Nazis.

			Bruno's confusion	
			towards Shmuel's	
			sadness.	
		12j	Shmuel's hunger	Shmuel and the
		A	and his attempt to	other prisoners
		do.	ask Bruno for	of the Nazis
	400		food.	were treated
		171	n.	inhumanely by
	" & A Tr		ULKAD.	the Nazis, they
// 63			0	did not get the
	-6	AN		proper health
		TOP:	<b>1</b>	care and food.
	AL III			
	20	13f	Bruno's	Pavel was not
	31 /b	100	confession about	allowed to be a
			Pavel which used	doctor because
1			to be a doctor but	of his ancestry
	ANA	P	not allowed to be	as a Jew.
14 18		90	one as he came to	10 %
		77/	Auschwitz.	3/
	100			
1/4	O h.	15i	Bruno's	The difference
172	100	113	realization of the	between Bruno
			differences	and Shmuel
		-	between Shmuel's	hands were
			fingers and his.	because they
				did not receive
				the same rights

					over health care
					and also food.
			15j	Bruno's concerns	Bruno felt
				about what makes	concern
				the people from	towards the
				the other side of	people from the
	- /			the fence looks so	other side of
			n	unhealthy and	the fence
	100	" F & L MI		skinny.	because of how
			4	2	they looked so
1		3/	AN		unhealthy.
1		-4			
		Age	1d	Bruno's panic	Bruno was
	- 3			feeling from	afraid that he
		24 th	100	assuming that he	will be sent
			/ 4	will be sent away.	away from hi <mark>s</mark>
		24			house because
		XXX	1	1777	of his attitude.
		>-	1k	Bruno's	Bruno <mark>did</mark> not
	11			disappointment	allow to give
	18	1000		towards his father	his opinion
	1 P	81/18	13	decision to bring	about the
		-	74	his family out	sudden move of
			-	from the town.	his family to
					Auschwitz.

			1g	Elsa's effort to	The mother
				hide the truth	think that
				about Ralf's job as	Bruno was too
				the commandant	young to know
			da.	of the Nazis	the truth about
				soldiers.	the father's job.
		1			
	- 1		2h	Bruno's	Bruno felt
	and the	421	an i	frustration	frustrated after
		" POLET		towards how his	being forced to
	1000		4	life changed	live in
1		<b>4</b>	AN	because of the	Auschwitz.
1		d		unfairness he	
	3	M		received.	<b>9</b> [
		M db	20	Bruno's sadness	Bruno got
				and his effort to	scolded by
				hide his tears from	Maria after <mark>he</mark>
	97	YAAA		Maria.	tried to tell his
					opinion <mark>ab</mark> out
	1/6		Ü		the new house.
	11/6	Was .	5g	Ralf's effort in	Ralf's
	12	341	IK	forcing Bruno to	ambitions to be
	1			accept his	the
				decision to move	commandant of
				to Auschwitz.	the Nazi made
					him become
					authoritative

			even to his
			family.
	5i	Bruno's question	Bruno lost his
		about the people	right to know
		in the	the truth about
		concentration	his
		camp and Ralf's	surroundings.
	a Pa F	attempt for not	
SIM	14	telling Bruno the	
		real truth about	
AS C	ANI	the prisoners.	
		16.11.0	24 : 6 1:1
11 a = 1	60	Maria's firmness	Maria forbid
	TE.	in making Bruno	Bruno to show
N/ (A)	175	stop whining	his
	/ 9	about going back	disagreement
		to Berlin and	about the father
TO THE STATE OF TH	4	causing any	decision to
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1/	problems to the	bring the
	8.05	family.	family to
		The latest the same of the sam	Auschwitz.
	6p	Bruno's sadness	Bruno felt sad
	H	and	because he was
	1	disappointment	not allowed to
		from being	share his
		forbidden to say	thought about
		what he feels.	

					the father's
					decision.
		•	9d	Herr Liszt's	Bruno did not
				intention to	allow to grow
			M	change Bruno's	his interest over
				preference from	arts and story
				reading and arts	books.
		A SHOP	n	into history and	
	100	" & A BT		geography.	
	// &		6	10	
- 4			9j	Bruno's memory	Bruno was
1		- 7		about how he was	forbidden to go
M	7-7	5 Y	2	not allowed to	out from his
			16	come near the	house and do
		MAD	<b>S</b>	camp, or do any	his hobby as <mark>an</mark>
				exploration in	explorer.
1	L			Auschwitz by his	91
	7 (		TY	parents.	
		1	11h	Ralf's ground	Bruno and
	11			rules for Bruno	Gretel was
	10	D.		and Gretel to	forced to act as
	1/2	100	IK	stand quietly and	adults by their
				well behaved,	father.
			-	during the dinner	
				time with the	
				Fuhrer.	

			11p	Ralf's final	Ralf made the
				decision to take	family move to
				the offer and bring	Auschwitz
				the family to	without
			0.	Auschwitz.	minding
					Bruno's
		1	4400		opinion about
		1			the sudden
	and the same	. 57	idi	Mr.	move.
			Service .	44.6	
3.	<b>Exploitations</b>	Slavery	4h	Descriptions of	Besides being
1		40	L. I	the prisoners in	prisoned by the
1		c/i	to?	Auschwitz, who	Nazis the
		A 1		came from varied	prisoners also
		(4)	16	age, some of them	had to work f <mark>o</mark> r
			775	were on crutches,	them.
1.3			100	and some of them	
	S 10	100	-	had bandages	11
		YVV	1	around their	2.4
				heads.	7)
			7f	Kotler's rude trait	Pavel was a
	1//	UN.		in asking Pavel to	servant in
	1 1		9.3	help Bruno to find	Bruno's house
		THE PARTY OF THE P		a tire.	and he got
					verbally abused
					during his
					work.

		7	Elsa's order for	Pavel had to
		7n		
			Pavel to not tell	obey on Elsa's
			anyone that he	order because
			helped Bruno.	he was one of
		4		the servant of
				the family.
	1			
	1	9a	Description of the	The servant
		3 Th 2	daily life in	which came
1/4	S & L P.	de la constante	Auschwitz, where	from the people
1/6		1	the Nazis soldiers	from the other
	7	MAN	and the servants	side of the
	-6		came every day.	fence came to
	A I		//ea	Bruno's house
			779	to work as a
	The state of	NO.		servant.
	(a) (b) (b)			
		131	Bruno's sympathy	Without being
	A SA		over Pavel which	paid and treated
	10000		became even	well, Pavel had
			smaller than	to work for the
1/1	The second second	V	before.	Nazis and it
1/1/	0		. 4	was affected
11	100	IK		his health.
		4	Salahar .	
		13r	Kotler's anger	Pavel was
			towards Pavel	physically
			who accidentally	assaulted
<u> </u>	1	1		I .

			spilled some wine	during his work
			at him.	as a servant.
		18c	Shmuel's	Shmuel's father
			discomfiture	was gone after
		1	towards his Papa	doing a work
			disappearance.	for the Nazis.
/	Child-labor	12h	Shmuel's	All of the
1	1999		confession that	prisoners who
			there were	lived in
1/4/4/23		7	hundreds of other	Auschwitz had
			boys in the	to work for the
11	SA 11	1	concentration	Nazis including
3			camp.	the hundreds of
	MAG	7	3 12	children
	2 (ALM)			mentioned by
1				Shmuel.
10 34	T. T. T. T.	121	Bruno's	Besides had to
1		$M_i$	realization toward	work for the
1/8			how skinny	Nazis, <mark>Sh</mark> muel
1/4	Dr		Shmuel is and his	did not get a
1 1	200	IK	decision not to	p <mark>rop</mark> er food
		4	talk about	which made
			Shmuel's	him look
			appearance.	skinny.
		13j	Bruno's concerns	As a Nazi
			about Shmuel who	prisoner

				grew even more	Shmuel could
				pale than usual.	not get a proper
					food and rest as
					what needed by
			4		a child.
			15h	Description of	Shmuel worked
				Shmuel's job as a	in Bruno's
		- 481	BI	slave in Bruno	house to help
	1/4	* 19 LE		house who had to	the preparation
			4	polish all the	of Ra <mark>lf's</mark>
1		4	AN	small glasses for	birthday.
M	8	B (	100	the family.	g 7
			15q	Shmuel's bruised	Shmuel got
		N/ Ob	-	and sadness after	physically
		* (B) (d)	7	got punished by	assaulted by
		1	200	Lieutenant Kotler.	Kotler after his
			<b>F</b>		work in
					Bruno's house.
4.	Genocide		4a	Description of the	All of the Jews
	11	Da		people on the	ancestry were
	17	201913	IK	concentration	t <mark>ort</mark> ured forced
		-		camp as a place	to live in
			-	that filled by	Auschwitz.
				small boys, big	
				boys, fathers, and	
				grandfathers, but	

all of them does not seem to be relatives.  7j Pavel's honest trait in telling the truth to Bruno about his past history as a doctor.  The Jews v trait in telling the important to in the society	role
relatives.  7j Pavel's honest The Jews vertrait in telling the not allowed truth to Bruno take an about his past important to history as a in the society.	role
7j Pavel's honest The Jews vertrait in telling the not allowed truth to Bruno take an about his past important to history as a in the society of the society	role
trait in telling the truth to Bruno take an about his past important to history as a in the socie	role
trait in telling the truth to Bruno take an about his past important to history as a in the socie	role
truth to Bruno take an about his past important to history as a in the socie	role
about his past important to history as a in the socie	
history as a in the socie	
	ety.
doctor.	
7k Bruno's shock and The Jews v	were
distrust towards not allowe	d to
Pavel's confession take an	7/
about how he used important	role
to be a doctor. in the socie	ety.
12f Shmuel's In Auschw	/itz
confession that his the Jews	1
Mama has been woman we	ere
taken away from separated f	from
him since he was their famil	
arrived at	-
Auschwitz.	
13c Bruno's curious The Jews v	were
trait toward Pavel not allowe	d to
and Maria's effort take an	
to secretly tell	
Bruno the truth of	

		Pavel's life as the	important role
		prisoner of Nazi.	in the society.
		prisoner of wazi.	in the society.
	13e	Shmuel's effort to	Most of the
		tell Bruno about	people who
	٨	the amount of	were arrested in
		people in	Auschwitz
		Auschwitz which	were Polish.
	n	mostly came from	
178 10		Poland.	
6.5	13f	Bruno's	The Jews were
	1	confession about	not allowed to
	5	Pavel which used	take an
		to be a doctor but	important role
N/ ab		not allowed to be	in the society.
(0.16)		one as he came to	
		Auschwitz.	7/
TAY TO		Shmuel's	Cl. II D
100000	90	discomfiture	Shmuel's Papa
			was being
	9	towards his Papa	taken to gas
ON.		disappearance.	chamber, that
1 10 10 10 10 10	13		was why he
			could not be
			found around
			the camp.
	18e	Shmuel and	Shmuel's father
	- J •	Bruno's effort to	was taken into
		Diano 5 chor to	mas taken into

		au aga ah atl	the cos
		guess about why	the gas
		Shmuel's papa	chamber.
		was gone.	
	19s	Bruno's	His family had
	198		_
		innocence trait	been hiding the
	-	towards being	truth about the
		forced to go inside	concentration
	THE P	to the gas	camp, that was
1832		chamber.	why Bruno had
	4	1/2	no knowledge
	d (1)		about it.
	4		
	19u	Bruno's	Without
	- 1	confession about	understanding
N/A		how much he	the situation,
		loves to have	Bruno decide <mark>d</mark>
		Shmuel as his best	to confess his
	N. A.	friends while	feelings
1 3 7 0 00		holding Shmuel's	towards his
		hand inside the	best friend
	4	gas chamber.	inside the gas
The state of the s		- F13	chamber.
1 1 1 1 1 1		1.3 1.30	1
	20f	Ralf's realization	The family was
	-	and depression	not able to find
		towards the truth	Bruno because
		about the	he was
		accidents that	murdered

				happened to	inside of the
				Bruno.	gas chamber.
	Abuse	Verbal abuse	5i	Bruno's question	Ralf was
				about the people	shouting and
			1	in the	intimidating
			do.	concentration	Bruno to make
		1		camp and Ralf's	him not able to
		O SHOP		attempt for not	ask about the
	100	" & A PI		telling Bruno the	concentration
	// 🐧		4	real truth about	camp.
1		4	AN	the prisoners.	
8		di			
		A 18	7e	Gretel's and	Bruno saw
11	13			Kotler insults	Gretel and
		10	100	towards Bruno as	Kotler talked to
				a little child.	each other. He
			200	distribution of the same of th	wanted to ask
- 3		MAAA			Kotler about
					where he could
	l les		244		found a spare
		and the sale	V	The State of the S	tire, but when
	11	Ob.		. 4	he greet them
	1 1		133	3 "	he got insulted
		1	4		instead.
			7f	Kotler's rude trait	Kotler rudely
				in asking Pavel to	asked Pavel to
					help Bruno to

		help Bruno to find	found a tire. He
		a tire.	used some
			harsh words
			while shouting
	9c	Herr Liszt's insult	Her Liszt tried
		towards Bruno's	to change
	2	interest over art.	Bruno's interest
	OWNI	Tree -	over arts and
181	1717		storybooks
	4		therefore he
- SS	6 (1)		insulted
		1	Bruno's hobby
			in order to
			change his
3//	14 72	2 N	perspective.
	1// 4		
	14k	Gretel's insult to	Bruno got
	AV AV	Bruno about his	verbally abused
9500		imagery friend.	by the in <mark>su</mark> lt
			thrown to by
11	=	State of the last	Gretel.
Ch.			7.6
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15d	Bruno's accident	Bruno was
		in meeting Kotler	called as little
	-	in his house and	man because of
		Kotler's insult	his small body.
		towards Bruno as	
		a "little man".	

			15	Kotler's anger to	Kotler shouted
			m	see Shmuel and	to Shmuel and
				Bruno sharing a	Bruno after
				piece of chicken.	seeing Shmuel
			4		eating a piece
					of chicken.
		-	101		
	- /		191	Descriptions of	Bruno heard
	and the same	- 081	ni	the conditions on	some loud
		" Paran		the concentration	noises and
			4	camp as a place	laughs which
1		4		that full of the	came from the
1		d		prisoners, the	Nazis' soldier.
	100	A I		Nazi's armies, and	34 M
		THE STATE OF		violence.	
		W (1)	200		
		22 (B) M)	19	Bruno's dread	Bruno was
	V 10	1	m	feeling over	afraid to see a
		YVVV	100	everything that he	lot of the
	14			saw on the	soldiers
				concentration	shouting and
			V	camp.	laughing over
	11/6	Own.		. 4	the people with
	A RES	1		3 1	the striped
	la constant	_			<mark>p</mark> ajamas.
			19q	Bruno's and	Bruno was not
				Shmuel accident	able to separate
				on being trapped	himself from

				in the long	the marches
				marches of Nazis'	because the
				prisoners.	soldiers were
					kept of
					shouting on
		-			them.
	1	Physical	4h	Descriptions of	The crutches
		assaults	n	the prisoners in	and bandages
		* 18 L M		Auschwitz, who	were the proof
			4	came from varied	that the
1		<i>=</i>		age, some of them	prisoners were
1		d		were on crutches,	physically
31		11 18		and some of them	assaulted.
11	- 5		10	had bandages	
				around their	
		a (0 Ph)		heads.	
	V 10	1		and the second	9.1
	1	MAN	12e	Shmuel's story	The prisoners
				about how the	were forced to
	1.0	100		prisoners were	go insid <mark>e</mark> a train
				deported to	with <mark>out</mark> any
	1/6	4		Auschwitz by	circulation.
	1 1		1 15	using a train for	1
	No.	THE PARTY OF THE P	Ø.	too many people	
				and without any	
				circulation.	

			13r	Bruno's weeping	Pavel was got
				to see no one help	beaten by
				Pavel to get rid of	Kotler after he
				Kotler's anger.	was
			4		accidentally
		1			spilled some
		1			wine into
	- /				Kotler's lap.
	1	. 981	i in i		
		Character Contract	14b	Shmuel's bruised	Shmuel had
1				on his eye and	some bruises
		40	ANI	Bruno's urge to	on his face
5		d	0	help Shmuel.	which he got
11		AL VI			from the
		(d)	TE		soldiers on the
		\$1 1 to	77		other side of
				义	the fence.
		MAKE	151	Shmuel's anxiety	Shmuel was
- 10	100		90	for being caught	afraid to got
4	Ver 1			by Lieutenant	beaten again by
			V	Kotler while	Kotler, that was
	11	Ober		eating the piece of	why he felt so
	\ B	1		chicken.	anxious to take
	L	1		Sales and the sales and the sales are the sa	the piece of
					chicken from
					Bruno.

	15q	Shmuel's bruised	Shmuel was got
		and sadness after	beaten by
		got punished by	Kotler after got
		Lieutenant Kotler.	caught eating a
	4		piece of
			chicken in
	93300		Bruno's house.
	191	Descriptions of	Bruno saw that
SIL		the conditions on	the prisoners in
1 S. C.	4	the concentration	the camp were
	AN	camp as a place	physically
	TO P	that full of the	assaulted by the
		prisoners, the	soldiers and it
		Nazi's armies, and	made him
7.0	7	violence.	scared.
	19	Bruno's dread	Bruno was
	m	feeling over	finally saw the
1000000		everything that he	real truth about
	6	saw on the	the
	V	concentration	concentration
The state of the s		camp.	camp.
1	19q	Bruno's and	Bruno and
	194		Shmuel were
		Shmuel accident	
		on being trapped	trapped in a
		in the long	long marches
			of the Nazis'

				marches of Nazis'	prisoners who
				prisoners.	was prepared to
					get the gas
					chamber.
	G		21	D 1	D 1
6.	Segregation		3h	Bruno and	Bruno and
			0.000	Gretel's	Gretel had to
	- 1			confessions to	leave their best
		- 481	m	each other about	friends in
		S PALES		how they missed	Berlin and
	//		4	their best friends	followed their
1		40	1.11	in Berlin.	parents to
1		d	to.	10 T	Auschwitz.
31		A 1			
11	- 5		4i	Bruno and	Bruno and
			77	Gretel's worries	Gretel never
- 1.1			7 :	towards the	saw a place
	<b>S</b>	2		concentration	looks like the
	77 30	YVVV		camp which	concentration
	14			located near their	camp before,
	1.16			house.	and it made
			W	100	them felt
	1100	Own.		. 4	worried.
	1 250	11			
	lane.		7b	Bruno's lonely	Auschwitz was
				feeling for not	located in an
				having any friends	empty desolate
				in Auschwitz and	place, without
				his decision to	any

		1 ' 1	. 11 1 1
		make a swing by	neighborhood
		himself in the oak	and it made
		tree.	Bruno always
			felt lonely.
	8n	Bruno's decision	Bruno was also
	-	to write a letter to	being separated
		his grandparent	from his
	ouni	and tell them	grandparents.
.181		about how	
		unhappy he is to	
	A PAN	be in Auschwitz.	
	1775		
8 2	10i	Bruno's jealousy	Because of the
	200	and naïve trait to	segregation
	h S	think that Shmuel	Bruno did not
	17/0	has more friends	able to make
		than him on the	any friends, and
	VE	other side of the	it made <mark>hi</mark> m
34 5000		fence.	jealous of
			Shmuel.
	-		11
Trans	12i	Bruno's	Because of the
The second	118	misunderstanding	segregation
	10 P 10	and jealous trait to	Bruno did not
	-	think that Shmuel	able to make
		has more friends	any friends, and
		than him.	it made him

			jealous of
			Shmuel.
	12k	Bruno's intention	Bruno and
		to invite Shmuel	Shmuel
	1	to have dinner in	separated from
		his house and his	each other by a
		effort to make	long fence and
	n	Shmuel let him to	it made them
SIN	141	come to his side.	could not came
	4		to each other
	411		sides.
	16	Bruno's questions	Bruno was
	m	to Gretel about the	getting curious
N/ also	1	other side of the	about the
	//	fence, why is it	concentration
	don't	there, and why he	camp.
The state of the s		wasn't allowed to	3.0
1 A 2 C C C C		go there.	10.10
	344		
	19j	Bruno and	Bruno and
		Shmuel's	Shmuel were
(1)	IK	emotional feeling	a <mark>lw</mark> ays played
	974	because they	together while
		finally able to	being separated
		stand on the same	by a fence, and
		side of the fence.	it made them
			felt emotional
		<u> </u>	



Appendix 6. Data Classification of Resistance Strategies Represented in Bruno's Experience in John Boyne's *The Boy in the Striped Pajamas* (2006)

No	Resistance		Sequences	Descriptions
	Strategies			
1.	Mimicry 5j Bruno's inno		Bruno's innocence trait	Bruno had to do the Nazis
		0	in saying the Nazi's	salutation in order to follow
		11	salutation 'Heil Hitler'.	the culture in his surrounding
	1	-4	Q PENDID!	without understanding the real
		2	À	meaning of it.
10		12	Bruno's realization that	After his first meeting with
1		m	his family will forbid	Shmuel, Bruno decided to hide
			him to make friends	it from his family because he
	11 1993		with Shmuel and his	was afraid that they will forbid
	ļu		decision not to tell his	him to meet Shmuel again.
A		W.	family about it.	<b>S</b>
	77	14j	Bruno's lie about	Bruno tried to hide his
		100	having imagery friend	friendship with Shmuel by
	11	1	and his action to make	pretending to have an imagery
	11/10		Gretel believe in his	friend in front of Gretel.
			lie.	4 P
	li-	141	Bruno's story about his	Bruno acted and made up a
			imagery friend which	story about his imagery friend
			actually the real story	to make Gretel believed in his
			about his friendship	story.
			with Shmuel.	

	15n	Bruno's decision to	Bruno had to pretend that he
		hide about his	did not know Shmuel to avoid
		friendship with Shmuel	from Kotler's anger.
		from Lieutenant	
		Kotler.	
	16q		Bruno realized that his
	8	he became more look	appearance was started to look
	10	like Shmuel with his	like Shmuel and the people
		saved hair.	that he saw on the other side of
100	6	4	the fence.
	17	D 1 C : 1	T. 1 11 4 4 CI 1
	1/e		To be able to meet Shmuel
			again, Bruno told his father
		The state of the s	that he did not mind to live in
		Section 1 and the section is	Auschwitz with the family.
		he stayed with his	
	l/A	family.	5x / //
77	194	Shmuel's effort to	Shmuel bring an extra striped
	174		pajama for the exploration
1.00	7		with Bruno.
11	-		with bluno.
1//	- 3	for Bruno.	1.0
1	19f	Bruno's action to	Bruno used the prisoner's
		disguise himself into	striped pajama to make
		the people from the	himself looks like the people
		other side of the fence	on the other side of the fence.
	Carry	16q 17e	hide about his friendship with Shmuel from Lieutenant Kotler.  16q Bruno's realization that he became more look like Shmuel with his saved hair.  17e Bruno's confession to his father that he did not mind staying in Auschwitz as long as he stayed with his family.  19d Shmuel's effort to secretly bring an extra pair of striped pajama for Bruno.  19f Bruno's action to disguise himself into the people from the

			by using a pair of	
			stripped pajama.	
		19g	Shmuel's realization	Shmuel amazed after seeing
			that Bruno still not	Bruno changed his cloth into
			belong to the same	the striped pajama, and a cap
			group as him even after	he brought from the camp, but
		1	his camouflage.	he still found some differences
		4	PENDIDI	between Bruno and him.
2.	Hybridity	13a	Bruno's acceptance	Bruno started to get used to
		13.	that the family will not	live in Auschwitz, especially
1			going back to Berlin	because he had Shmuel as his
W			and Bruno's happiness	best friend.
	137		to have Shmuel as	
	100000		someone he can talk to	192
			in Auschwitz.	
		14a	Bruno's routine to	Bruno was having a new
	77		secretly meet Shmuel	routine after being friend with
			after his afternoon	Shmuel.
		2	class with Herr Liszt.	
	- //	15a	Bruno's habit to bring	Bruno was having a new
	N.B		some food for Shmuel	behavior after being friend
	Deal Control		during their meeting.	with Shmuel.
		16d	Bruno's relief feeling	Bruno's perspective towards
			about being back to	Auschwitz was starting to
			Auschwitz.	_
	I	l .		

			change and he started to be
			more comfortable being there.
	1.6	D	D 1 . 17
	16e	Bruno's gratefulness	Bruno started to like
		about having Shmuel	Auschwitz more that his
		as his friend.	homeland in Berlin because of
			Shmuel.
	16i	Bruno's worries that his	Bruno tried to protect Shmuel
		parents will say	from his parents that he knew
	P. S.	something bad about	will say something bad about
	ъ.	Shmuel's family if he	the people from the other side
		asks them about the	of the fence.
		other side of the fence.	A 4 /
1 3			
The state of	16q	Bruno's realization that	Bruno had to shave his hair, it
()		he became more look	made him felt sad at first but
18		like Shmuel with his	then he realized it made him
	0	saved hair.	more look like Shmuel.
14	17e	Bruno's confession to	Bruno pretended that he did
11	- 99	his father that he did	not mind staying in Auschwitz
	-	not mind staying in	because of his family, while in
1/6	- 33	Auschwitz as long as	fact the reason of his
N. I		he stayed with his	agreement to stay in
lane.		family.	Auschwitz was because of
			Shmuel.

		19b	Bruno's excitement	Bruno and Shmuel decided to
			towards the adventure	do a final adventure on the
			that he will do with	other side of the fence.
			Shmuel later.	
3.	Ambivalen	16d	Bruno's relief feeling	After went back to Berlin for
	ce		about being back to	his grandmother funeral,
		1	Auschwitz.	Bruno realized that he grew
		18	as Militar	and became more comfortable
	10		6 APLINITY	to live in Auschwitz instead.
	1//	3	3.00	
	1000	16h	The growth of Bruno's	Bruno started to feel curious
1			curiosity towards the	towards the people from the
	7-7		two different sides of	other side of the fence.
	123		the fence.	
	10.00			
	1)	16j	Bruno's confusion	Bruno was confused about the
	V	100	about the two sides of	two sides of the fence. He was
1		1	the fence and his	curious about why the people
	76		decision to ask Gretel	on the other side of the fence
	N. C.	- 33	about the other side of	was not allowed to go out
	1.0		the fence.	form the concentration camp.
	11.00			
	11	16	Bruno's questions to	Bruno was curious about why
	N.F	m	Gretel about the other	the people on the other side of
			side of the fence, why	the fence were called as Jews
			is it there, and why he	and why they could not be
			wasn't allowed to go	mixed by the people from the
			there.	same side as him.

o know that he more
Shmuel with his head
of the comfort that he
rds living in
z, Bruno felt sad to
t he will be sent back
as finally able to see
of the concentration
himself, and it made
ting his perspective
Auschwitz.
owing the truth about
entration camp, Bruno
doubt his decision to
enture there.
, the promise he made
uel mad <mark>e hi</mark> m
ng his decision to