

Appendix 1. Synopsis of Gleitzman's *Once* (2010)

Felix Saint Stanislaus was a Jewish kid that was lived in a Catholic orphanage in Poland for three years and eight months. The orphanage was located in the mountains in Poland. The reason he lived in the orphanage was his parents entrust him to Mother Minka in the orphanage because of their bookshop get problems and his parents have to fix it.

The novel begins with the description of dinner time situation in the orphanage in which the nuns served children a very hot soup from a big metal pot which made his glasses become misty so that he could not find his table properly. Then, he used his ears for navigation by listening to Dodie's loud slurps who always sit next to him. Finally, he could find his table to put his bowl down and wipe his glasses. Suddenly, he found a whole carrot floating in his bowl which was unusual because carrot cannot easily grow in the mountains not even if they pray a lot. He started thinking that it must be a sign from his parents that they would come to pick him up. Therefore, Felix was waiting for all night and suddenly there was a car came to the orphanage which he thought that his parents. However, it was men who were wearing Nazi uniform. Felix noticed that they burnt all Jewish books which belong to mother Minka.

Afterward, Felix asked Mother Minka about the carrot. Mother Minka felt sorry to answer Felix's question. She told Felix that it was not a sign from his parents but Mother Elwira who put it in his bowl. She told Felix that the Nazis did not suspect him and asked Felix to be brave because of this terrible situation. Suddenly Felix worried about his parents and the books in his parents' bookshop. He wanted to tell his parents about it and hide the books from the Nazi. Therefore, he tried to leave the orphanage to go to his old house in order to find his parents.

Felix arrived at his old house, but there were no his parents and also their books. There was Mr. Radzyn family who settled at his house. It made Felix confused, and then he tried to ask to his old neighbors about his parents but they also gone. There were no Jewish people at all in that place. Suddenly Mr. kopek appeared and told Felix that all Jewish people were transported to the city by the

Nazi soldiers. Felix was shocked at the moment and did not know what was going on. Finally, Felix decided to go to the city to find his parents.

In Felix's journey to the city, he met and save a little girl whose name was Zelda from the burning house. Felix brought Zelda to the haystack in the rice field to stay away from that burning house. In the next day, they were caught by the Nazi soldiers. The soldiers forced them to follow the crowded people who were Jewish and forced them to walk to the city. Felix and Zelda joined the people and walked for hours without taking a rest not even drinking or eating. Felix spent about six hours telling Zelda stories to make their spirit up. Finally, they arrived at the city, but the city was far different from the story that Felix had read before.

In the city they saw lots of soldiers and local people were standing around and laughing. The Jewish people were shouted by the soldiers. They were shouted unkind things to Jewish people. The Jewish children were separated from their parents which made the situation were terrible. The people screamed, cried, and even they were shot and hit by the Nazi soldier and there was a man was killed. Here Felix almost separated with Zelda, fortunately there was a man whose name is Barney appeared and saved them. Barney asked to the soldiers for releasing Zelda and Felix. Finally, Barney brought them to his hideaway in which into a cellar in the ghetto.

In the cellar, Felix and the other children were hided from so that they would not invent by the Nazi soldiers and caught them inside. During in the cellar, Felix and Barney had to find water and food in an empty apartment room quietly so that the Nazi did not caught them. One night, Zelda was sick in which her body temperature was high. Hence, Felix decided to find an aspirin and carrot in an empty apartment alone that night. The situation around the ghetto was deserted and different that night, but Felix still went to the apartment bravely. Finally, he found an aspirin and carrot for Zelda and he quickly went back to the cellar. However, a soldier came closer to him and intended to caught him. Fortunately, he managed to escape from that soldiers. When he arrived at the road next to cellar, he saw that

Nazi soldier were on patrol inspecting around the cellar. He tried to think of something that he could do for warning Barney that there were Nazi soldiers outside the cellar. Unfortunately, he was too late, the Nazi invented the cellar. Then, Felix went to inside the cellar. The Nazi dragged them outside and transported them to the railway station.

In the railway station, the Nazi were dragged to get into the carriages. Felix tried to ask a help from the Nazi officer by giving him a story that he asked to Felix before. However, the officer refused to help Felix. He was dragged into the carriages brutally. The situation inside the train were pathetic because the carriage was overload so that there was no enough space for every to sit down. Thus, they had to stand up along the journey. Suddenly, Felix found a rotten wooden plank and the Jewish men tried to make a big hole so that they could jump freely through that hole. Several people had jump and release through the hole. Felix wanted to jump and he tried to convinced other children to do so. However, some of the children and Barney did not want to jump. Finally, Felix, Zelda, and Chaya took a risk and jump through the hole.

After jumping from the moving train, Felix could not imagine that Zelda and him were survive and still alive. Still in his landing place, Felix thought about his future. Felix did not know when his story will be end. It could be anytime or he could be a famous writer in the world in 1983 and live with his best friend Zelda and a dog called Jumble in a cake shop. Moreover, he was very grateful and felt so lucky for surviving many times. He also realized that he deserved something good in his life more than once.

Appendix 2. Sequence Segmentation of *Once* (2010)

No	Description
1.	The assumption of Felix about a whole carrot as a sign from his parents
a	The very hot soup served by the nuns made Felix' glasses misty.
b	Dodie's slurping noise as guidance of Felix to find his table.
c	The description of the moment in which Felix saw a whole carrot in his soup.
d	Felix's wonder about the carrot in his soup which is unusual.
e	Felix's expectation about his parents would pick him up soon.
f	Felix's grateful feelings towards the nuns who kept him at the orphanage
g	Felix's plan to stop being Catholic if his parents come to pick him up
h	The description of bath selection in the orphanage which was freezing
2.	The arrival of a bunch of men in suits with armbands
a	Felix's worry about the possibility of his parents would forget him and could not recognize him
b	Felix's excitement when a car arrives at the orphanage that he thought that it was his parents
c	Felix's hope that Mother Minka remembered their agreement about Felix's real identity
d	The argument of Mother Minka with the men about books.
e	The cruelty of the men which was burning the books from the orphanage's library
3.	The decision of Felix leaving the orphanage
a	The description of the cruelty of a customer and the men in damaging books
b	Mother Minka's acting to hide Felix as a Jewish.

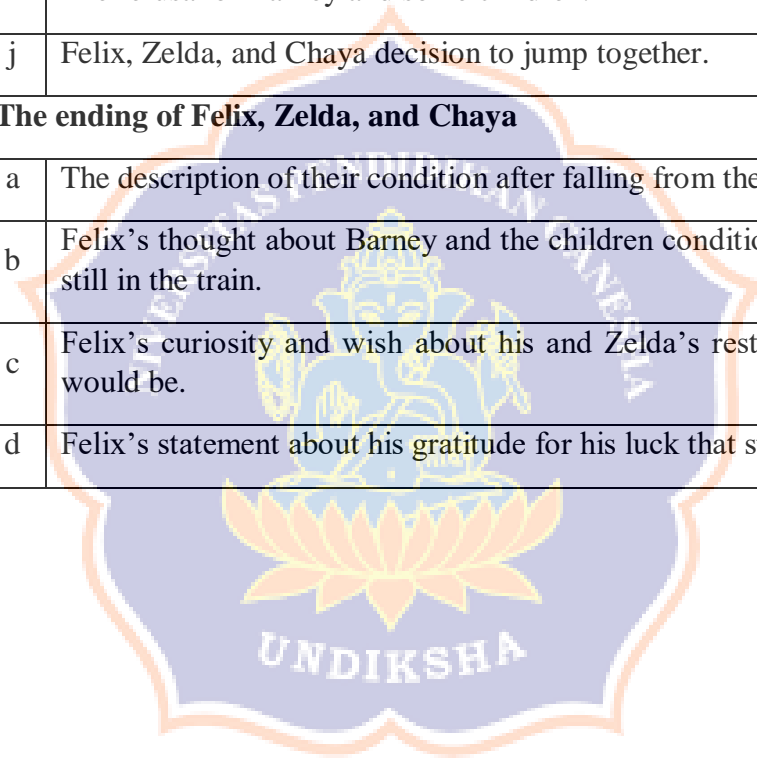
	c	Mother Minka's explanation about the carrot was not from Felix's parents.
	d	Felix' disappointment about the truth.
	e	Felix's plan to find his parents and hide the books.
	f	The conversation of Felix with Dodie about his real identity and plan to leave the orphanage.
	g	The preparation of Felix for leaving the orphanage.
	h	Felix's refusal to Jankiel's warning about the danger of leaving the orphanage.
4.	The struggle of Felix to reach his hometown	
	a	The challenging ways by downing the mountain from the orphanage.
	b	Felix's hunger because he had no breakfast yet.
	c	Felix's decision to take some food, water, and clothes at an empty house.
	d	Uneasy ways to find a river by stopping a passing truck.
	e	A shot from soldiers in the truck which almost hit Felix.
5.	The oddity on Felix's old hometown and his old house	
	a	The situation around the street was deserted.
	b	The changes of Felix's old house which there were no books left.
	c	Felix's confusion about the existence of Radzyn family in his house.
	d	Radzyn's family attempt to grab Felix
	e	Wiktor's screaming which called Felix as Jewish.
	f	Felix's fear about the existence of his parents and all Jewish people in his hometown.
	g	The emptiness of Mr. Rosenfeld house who was a Jewish.
	h	Mr. Kopek's explanation about the Jewish people that dragged to the city by the Nazi.
	i	Mr. Kopek's explanation about the danger and suggestion to Felix for leaving the village soon.
6.	The meeting of Felix and Zelda for the first time	

	a	Felix's curiosity about a big fire.
	b	Felix's invention of burning house and two dead bodies and a little girl inside the house.
	c	The effort of Felix for saving the little girl from the fire.
	d	The effort of Felix for calming the little girl whose name is Zelda by telling a story.
7.	The long Journey of Felix and Zelda to the city	
	a	The description of Felix's and Zelda's condition in the next morning after surviving from fire.
	b	The curiosity of Felix about a sudden sound of gunshot and crowded people.
	c	The fear of Felix when the soldiers catching and pointing guns to him and Zelda.
	d	The description of their long journey to the city which forced them to walk without taking a rest.
	e	Zelda's curiosity about the situation around her which was very terrible.
	f	Felix's wonder about why the Nazis made the Jewish suffer
8.	Felix and Zelda arrival in the city after walking for hours	
	a	Felix's efforts for keeping Zelda's and his spirit up by telling stories for hours.
	b	The description of surrounding situation that distracted Felix's concentration
	c	The description of the real city which was far different from the stories.
	d	The unkind utterances from local people to the Jewish.
	e	The force of Nazi soldiers to the Jewish for cleaning the street.
	f	The cruelty of Nazi soldiers to separate Jewish kids from their parents.
	g	The screaming and cry of the Jewish people which were treated rudely by the Nazi.

	h	Felix's effort for escaping but he was separated from Zelda.
9.	A help from a big man whose name was Barney	
	a	Felix's desperation that no one could protect kids from the Nazi
	b	The description of the big man which was in a scuffed leather jacket and has big hairy hand and beard.
	c	The effort of the man for releasing Zelda and Felix from the soldiers.
	d	The description of Felix condition after saved by the man into a hiding place.
	e	The worry of Felix about his parents' condition.
10.	The truth about Adolf Hitler	
	a	Felix's effort to go out from the cellar.
	b	The children's explanation about Adolf Hitler as the head Nazi.
	c	Felix distrust about the truth Adolf Hitler as the head of Nazi.
11.	Barney's request to Felix for helping him	
	a	Felix's lie story for convincing Barney to let him away.
	b	The conversation between Barney and Felix about Barney's request that needed Felix's help.
	c	The conversation between Felix and Barney about curfew and ghetto during walking to an apartment.
	d	Felix's effort to help Barney to tell a story for his patient.
	e	Felix's effort for telling a story to another patient which was a Nazi officer.
12.	The whole cellar full of tears	
	a	Zelda's recommendation to see their parents outside through the crack on the wall.
	b	The effort of Felix, Zelda, and other Children climbing their sack bad to see outside from the crack on the wall.
	c	Felix's decision to tell the truth about the death of Zelda's parents.
	d	Zelda's sadness after knowing the truth.
	e	All people sadness for Zelda's and their parents too.

13.	The effort of Felix and Barney to find water and food in an empty apartment	
	a	The kindest of Barney for buying Felix a pair boot for hunting water.
	b	The effort of Felix and Barney towards the apartment to get water.
	c	The conversation between two Jewish people and a Nazi soldier about countryside which was beautiful place, much food, and easy work.
	d	Felix curiosity about countryside.
	e	Barney explanation about countryside which was actually a death camp.
14.	Felix's bravery in looking aspirin for Zelda	
	a	Felix's fear about Zelda's condition.
	b	Felix's decision to find aspirin for Zelda alone.
	c	The description of challenging ways to get aspirin in an empty apartment.
	d	The effort of Felix for hiding from the soldiers that came in the apartment's room
	e	The effort of Felix for running from the Nazi soldiers that tried to caught him.
15.	The cruelty of Nazi soldiers which were caught Jewish	
	a	The arrival of Nazi soldiers into the cellar.
	b	The description of the trapping of Barney, the children, Zelda, and Felix by the Nazi soldiers.
	c	The description of their journey to the railway station.
	d	The description of Nazis rude treatment to the Jewish at railway station.
	e	The effort of Felix to call the Nazi officer for giving his story and asking a help to save Zelda.
	f	The rude treatment received by Felix from Nazi soldier.
16.	A painful and miserable train journey	
	a	The description of terrible situation inside the train.

	b	Felix's kindest for sharing pages of paper to be used as toilet paper.
	c	The opportunity for escaping through a rotten wooden.
	d	Barney's and people's effort for creating big hole.
	e	People's bravery to take the risk for jumping from the train.
	f	The fear of Barney and some children to jump.
	g	Felix's desire to jump together.
	h	The story for convincing the children to jump.
	i	The refusal of Barney and some children.
	j	Felix, Zelda, and Chaya decision to jump together.
17.	The ending of Felix, Zelda, and Chaya	
	a	The description of their condition after falling from the moving train.
	b	Felix's thought about Barney and the children condition which were still in the train.
	c	Felix's curiosity and wish about his and Zelda's rest of their story would be.
	d	Felix's statement about his gratitude for his luck that still alive.



Appendix 3. Data Tabulation of Racial Oppression Experienced by Felix

No	Racial Oppression	Sequences	Frequency
1.	Prejudice	5e, 8d	2
2.	Discrimination	2e, 3a, 4d, 4e, 5d 7c, 7d, 7f, 8a, 8b, 8d, 8f, 8h, 9a, 9d, 10b, 11c, 11e, 13b, 14c, 14d, 14e, 15a, 15c, 15d, 15e, 16a, 16j	28
3.	Segregation	7d, 8f, 11c, 15b	4



Appendix 4. Data Tabulation of Resistance Strategy Represented by Felix

No.	Resistance Strategy	Sequences	Frequency
1.	Mimicry	1d, 1g, 1h, 2b, 3b, 3f, 4c, 11e	8



Appendix 5. Data Classification of Racial Oppression Experienced by Felix

No	Racial Oppression		Sequence	Description
	Prejudice	5e	Wiktor's screaming which called Felix as Jewish	Wiktor was a Catholic kid who stayed in Felix old house with his family which was Radzyn's Family. When Felix came to the house, they tried to catch Felix and Wiktor shouted at Felix by saying, "Clear off, Jew!" which shows that the negative judgement of Wiktor to Felix because of Felix's race which was a Jewish.
		8d	The unkind utterances from local people to the Jewish.	The local people in the city which belong to Nazi were unfriendly. They shouted unkind thing at the Jewish included Felix. It shows that the judgement of the local people to Jewish people in which they were insulted as if they were Jewish and dirty. Moreover, the things that were shouted by the local people to Felix and other Jewish were so rude, so that

				they felt unhappy and tried to ignore them.
2.	Discrimination	2e	The cruelty of the men which was burning the books from the orphanage's library.	Felix saw the Nazis men who came to the orphanage and burnt Mother Minka's books which she bought from Jewish bookshop. Felix felt very upset looking at the Nazis' cruelty in damaging Jewish books. This situation shows Felix's annoyance at the Nazis' action since he was a book lover.
		3a	The description of the cruelty of a customer and the men in damaging books	Felix's sad feeling as he watched the Nazis men damaging books as cruel as Felix Parents' bookshop customer. The Jewish book destruction incident that had seen directly by Felix was very painful moment for him because he was a book lover.
		4d	Uneasy ways to find a river by stopping a passing truck.	Felix tried to get to the river that was nearby his old hometown and he hoped that there would be a truck that could give him a ride to get there. Felix tried to stop a

			<p>truck to ask for a ride but the truck did not stop and almost crashed him. This incident shows that the people in the truck did not have humanity which was not willing to help a kid and even they almost crashed Felix.</p>
		<p>4e</p> <p>A shot from soldiers in the truck which almost hit Felix</p>	<p>Felix tried to stop another truck which transported several soldiers but the truck did not stop and even he almost got shot by the soldier in that truck. It clearly seen that Felix received the cruelty treatment by the soldiers that endangered his life in which he was shot by the soldier. This cruel treatment that received by Felix shows that the soldiers did not have humanity and even did not hesitate to hurt a kid.</p>
		<p>5d</p> <p>Radzyn's family attempt to grab Felix</p>	<p>Felix found that Radzyn's Family stayed at Felix's old house. The Radzyn's family tried to grab Felix when they saw him in the house and they would like to hand him to the Nazis. This incident shows</p>

			<p>that Felix was treated badly by the Radzyn's family in which they tried to grab and deliver him directly to the Nazis since he was a Jewish.</p>
	<p>7c</p>	<p>The fear of Felix when the soldiers catching and pointing guns to him and Zelda</p>	<p>Felix had saved Zelda from the burning house and carried her to a haystack. In the next morning, Felix was curious about voices and footsteps that came from the road on the other side of the hedge. He tried to get closer to the road to see what was going on there. It was Jewish people that were forced to walk to the city by the Nazis soldiers. The soldiers were on bikes yelling at the Jewish people and pointing guns to make them to go faster. Suddenly, Felix heard Zelda's scream. The soldiers found Felix and Zelda by the haystack and pointed a gun at them. This situation shows Felix's and Zelda's fear of the Nazi soldier's cruel treatment that would probably shoot them at the moment.</p>

		7d	<p>The description of their long journey to the city which forced them to walk without taking a rest.</p>	<p>Felix and Zelda were forced to join the crowd of Jewish people to go to the city. They had to walk to the city without taking some rest. It shows the misery of Felix, Zelda, and other Jewish people on the journey because of the Nazis' inhumanity which was forced the Jewish to walk for hours without stopping.</p>
		7f	<p>Felix's wonder about why the Nazis made the Jewish suffering</p>	<p>Felix wondered about the reason of the Nazis' mistreatment that he and other Jewish received. He tried to find the answer. Moreover, he realized that the reason of the Nazis' vicious treatments which made Felix and other Jewish suffer were not just because of books. It was because of the Nazis hatred to Jewish.</p>
		8a	<p>Felix's efforts for keeping Zelda's and his spirit up by telling stories for hours.</p>	<p>Felix, Zelda and other Jewish had been walking for hours to the city. Felix tried to keep Zelda's and his spirit up by telling stories during the journey. However, it could</p>

			<p>not reduce his pain and hunger. This situation clearly made Felix in suffer since the shout of the Nazi soldier made his head in pain more and the coercion of the Nazi soldier to the Jewish to keep moving without taking their legs rest and even let them starve.</p>
		<p>8b</p> <p>The description of surrounding situation that distracted Felix's concentration</p>	<p>Felix attention was distracted by the crowd of people in forest near the road that were digging a huge hole. Thus, the Jewish people tried to see to the crowd but the soldiers yelled at some of the Jewish included Felix. It shows that the Nazi did not allow the Jewish stop moving to find out what was going on in the forest.</p>
		<p>8d</p> <p>The unkind utterances from local people to the Jewish.</p>	<p>Felix and Jewish people walked to the city for almost a day in the rain and the local people was yelled about unkind things to them. It shows that the unkind treatment that received by Felix and other Jewish during</p>

			the journey which conducted by the Nazi and the local people in the city.
	8f	The cruelty of Nazi soldiers to separate Jewish kids from their parents.	The Nazi tried to separate kids from the adult so that Felix tried to run to the other side of the road with Zelda. However, the local people shouted at the soldiers to warn them so that Felix and Zelda could not escape. It shows that the local people and the Nazi soldiers treated Felix and other Jewish as prisoners so that they could not escape.
	8h	Felix's effort for escaping but he was separated from Zelda	Felix was separated from Zelda so that he tried to do something but he would not because of his bad condition. Moreover, the terrible situation because of the Nazi soldiers' cruelty which attempted to separate Jewish including Felix was leaving Felix helpless to do something.

		9a	Felix's desperation that no one could protect kids from the Nazi	Felix was defenseless in which he did not know something that he could do. He laid helplessly in tears because the Nazis were everywhere which shows that the terrible situation which could not cope with a little kid like Felix and even the adults.
		9d	The description of Felix condition after saved by the man into a hiding place	Felix passed out and fortunately the man could save him into a hiding place. Moreover, he woke up in pain all over his body. His bad condition was affected by the rude treatments of the Nazi soldiers after through an awful long journey.
		10b	The children's explanation about Adolf Hitler as the head Nazi.	Felix and other children had to hide in the cellar so that they would not be taken away by the Nazis as Adolf Hitler's orders. Thus, it shows the inhumanity of the Nazi's treatments to the Jewish especially Jewish children including Felix so that they had to hide from the Nazi.

		11c	The conversation between Felix and Barney about curfew and ghetto during walking to an apartment.	Felix and Barney went out from the cellar which was very dangerous since there was a curfew. Curfew was the Nazi rules in which they did not let the Jewish outdoors at night or they would be shot by the Nazi. Thus, Felix and Barney had to go quietly in that danger time.
		11e	Felix's effort for telling a story to another patient which was a Nazi officer.	Felix tried to tell an appropriate story to the Nazi officer because he did not want to make the officer mad. It shows the pressure that was felt by Felix in telling a story to the Nazi officer which would probably endanger his life.
		13b	The effort of Felix and Barney towards the apartment to get water.	Felix and Barney went to the apartment carefully and quietly so that they would not get caught by the Nazis. Since it was a curfew time meaning that everyone must be indoors. Thus, Felix and Barney would be in danger and get caught by the soldiers.

		14c	The description of challenging ways to get aspirin in an empty apartment.	Felix went to an empty apartment through dark and scary streets quietly so that anybody could not see him. It was a danger situation outside the cellar to the apartment in which the Nazi soldiers were on patrol. Thus, it would endanger Felix's life so that he had to go quietly to find an aspirin.
		14d	The effort of Felix for hiding from the soldiers that came in the apartment's room	The soldiers came in the room in which Felix found his favorite book. Subsequently, he tried to hide under the books in that room so that he would not get caught by the soldiers. It was a frightening situation to Felix which clearly shows how dangerous it would be if he got caught.
		14e	The effort of Felix for running from the Nazi soldiers that tried to caught him.	Felix tried to go out from the apartment's room but suddenly the soldier came to catch him. The soldier yelled and came closer to him. It could be seen that the Nazi soldier did not hesitate to

			catch Felix who was only a child.	
		15a	<p>The description of the trapping of Barney, the children, Zelda, and Felix by the Nazi soldiers.</p>	<p>The Nazi soldiers found out the cellar and they took Felix and the others to the railway station. They were dragged and pointed guns by the Nazi soldiers. It can be seen that Felix and other Jewish received unsavory treatments by the Nazi.</p>
		15c	<p>The description of Nazis rude treatment to the Jewish at railway station.</p>	<p>The Jewish include Felix were treated cruelly by the Nazis in which they were forced to get into the carriages. They did not want to get on but they could not fight the soldiers. Even, they constantly received the cruel treatments of the Nazi soldiers that pushed, hit, and shot the Jewish. Thus, Felix, Barney and other children made a tent in order to protect each other.</p>
		15d	<p>The effort of Felix to call the Nazi officer for giving his story</p>	<p>Felix shouted at the Nazi officer to give him the story and ask for a help. However, his attempts to ask for help</p>

		and asking a help to save Zelda.	were in vain because it endangered his life in which a soldier came, yelled, and pointed his gun at Felix's head.
	15e	The rude treatment received by Felix from Nazi soldier	Barney was pleading to the Nazi soldiers so that they would allow Felix and the other children to go but they start to look angry and do rude treatment. The rude treatment that received by Jewish kids and Felix in were grabbed and dragged toward the train.
	16a	The description of terrible situation inside the train.	Felix first train journey was painful and miserable. It was because the situation that Felix and other Jewish felt inside the train which was suffocating. They had to stand up since there were a lot of people inside so that there was not enough space for everyone to sit down.
	16j	Felix, Zelda, and Chaya decision to jump together.	Barney and other children did not want to jump through the big hole on a rotten wooden.

				<p>However, Felix, Zelda, and Chaya took a risk to jump through the hole. Felix's decision to jump through moving train would be endangered his life either the Nazi shoot him or he could not survive. This condition is the prove that the Nazi discriminate the Jewish people so that Felix attempted to be escaped from them.</p>
3.	Segregation	7d	<p>The description of their long journey to the city which forced them to walk without taking a rest.</p>	<p>The Nazi soldiers forced Felix and Zelda to go to the city by walking with other Jewish people at the road.</p>
		8f	<p>The cruelty of Nazi soldiers to separate Jewish kids from their parents.</p>	<p>The Nazi cruel action that separated children from their parents included Felix and Zelda.</p>
		11c	<p>The conversation between Felix and Barney about curfew and ghetto</p>	<p>The cellar in which Felix, Barney and other children lived was located in ghetto which was a place in which the Jewish have been sent to</p>

		during walking to an apartment.	live before they sent to the extermination camp.
	15a	The description of the trapping of Barney, the children, Zelda, and Felix by the Nazi soldiers.	Felix and other Jewish were caught by the Nazis and they sent them to the railway station



Appendix 6. Data Classification of Resistance Strategy Represented by Felix

No	Resistance Strategy	Sequence		Description
1.	Mimicry	1d	Felix's wonder about the carrot in his soup which is unusual	Felix expressed his gratitude by saying thank you to God, Jesus, Mary, the Pope, and Adolf Hitler which shows that Felix imitate the Catholic belief in expressing their gratitude.
		1g	Felix's plan to stop being Catholic if his parents pick him up	Felix had been being Catholic during stayed in the orphanage to hide his real identity.
		1h	The description of bath selection in the orphanage which was freezing	The comparison between the bathroom in the orphanage and the bathroom at Felix's house. Therefore, Felix had to adapt with the orphanage bathroom and follow the rules at the orphanage.
		2b	Felix's excitement when a car arrived at the orphanage that he thought	Felix hid his identity so that he could stay at the orphanage in which the regulation is only the orphans who can stay at

		that it was his parents	the orphanage. However, when a car came that he thought it was his parents', suddenly Felix did not care if everyone at the orphanage would find out that his parents were still alive.
	2c	Felix's hope that Mother Minka remembered their agreement about Felix's real identity.	Felix and Mother Minka were agreed to hide Felix's identity so that he could live at the orphanage.
	3b	Mother Minka's acting to hide Felix as a Jewish.	Felix's identity was almost revealed because the Nazis men become suspicious to him. Fortunately, Mother Minka's acting by calling Felix as Felex could save him so that the Nazis did not suspect him as a Jewish.
	3f	The conversation of Felix with Dodie about his real identity and plan	During the morning prayer, Felix explained his real identity that was a Jewish to Dodie. Felix and Mother Minka had hide Felix's real identity so that everyone at

			to leave the orphanage	the orphanage did not know that he was a Jewish.
		4c	Felix's decision to take some food, water, and clothes at an empty house	Felix's effort to hide by changing his orphanage clothes so that people in Father Ludwig's village did not know that he ran away from the orphanage.
2.	Hybridity	4a	The challenging ways by downing the mountain from the orphanage	He was very grateful that he could leave the orphanage without doing the things that someone do in escape story.
		4b	Felix's hunger because he had no breakfast yet	Felix prayed to God, Jesus, the Virgin Mary, the Pope, and Adolf Hitler to get food anywhere. Fortunately, he found a house on deserted road to get food.
		14e	The effort of Felix for running from the Nazi soldiers that tried to caught him	Felix managed to escape from the soldier that intended to grab him. Moreover, Felix was grateful that could find the street next to the cellar.

		15d	The effort of Felix to call the Nazi officer for giving his story and asking a help to save Zelda.	Felix was very grateful that he found a way that he could do for saving Zelda. He intended to exchange the story with a help to the Nazi officer, so that Zelda did not have to get into the train
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